



## **LEARNING MODULE** Science G10 | Q2

## Force, Motion and Energy





#### NOTICE TO THE SCHOOLS

This learning module (LM) was developed by the Private Education Assistance Committee under the GASTPE Program of the Department of Education. The learning modules were written by the PEAC Junior High School (JHS) Trainers and were used as exemplars either as a sample for presentation or for workshop purposes in the JHS In-Service Training (INSET) program for teachers in private schools.

The LM is designed for online learning and can also be used for blended learning and remote learning modalities. The year indicated on the cover of this LM refers to the year when the LM was used as an exemplar in the JHS INSET and the year it was written or revised. For instance, 2017 means the LM was written in SY 2016-2017 and was used in the 2017 Summer JHS INSET. The quarter indicated on the cover refers to the quarter of the current curriculum guide at the time the LM was written. The most recently revised LMs were in 2018 and 2019.

The LM is also designed such that it encourages independent and self-regulated learning among the students and develops their 21st century skills. It is written in such a way that the teacher is communicating directly to the learner. Participants in the JHS INSET are trained how to unpack the standards and competencies from the K-12 curriculum guides to identify desired results and design standards-based assessment and instruction. Hence, the teachers are trained how to write their own standards-based learning plan.

The parts or stages of this LM include Explore, Firm Up, Deepen and Transfer. It is possible that some links or online resources in some parts of this LM may no longer be available, thus, teachers are urged to provide alternative learning resources or reading materials they deem fit for their students which are aligned with the standards and competencies. Teachers are encouraged to write their own standards-based learning plan or learning module with respect to attainment of their school's vision and mission.

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# Module No. 2: Force, Motion and Energy

#### Lesson 1. Electromagnetic Spectrum

#### **INTRODUCTION AND FOCUS QUESTION(S)**:

#### The New York Times- Science Times, Tuesday, July 11, 1989 Topic: Scientists Debate Health Hazards of Electromagnetic Field



"Because the oscillations are very slow (just 60 hertz, or cycles per second), this type of radiation is called "extremely low-frequency." It was long thought harmless because it is too weak to knock out electrons and directly damage molecules in the body.



But on July 11, 1989, Science Times reported the uncomfortable possibility that this ubiquitous background radiation might cause cancer."

#### The New York Times- Science Times, Monday, July 7, 2014 (25 years after July 11, 1989) Topic: Debate Continues on Hazards of Electromagnetic Waves

"This occasional column explores topics covered in Science Times 25 years ago to see what has changed — and what has not.

25 YEARS LATER, Dr. Carpenter is still at the State University of New York in Albany, as the director of the Institute for Health and the Environment. He still finds 60-hertz radiation worrisome.

Dr. Carpenter: "The whole thing is very worrisome. We see the tips of the iceberg, but we have no idea how big the iceberg is. It ought to concern us all."

Source: <u>http://www.nytimes.com/2014/07/08/science/debate-continues-on-hazards-of-electromagnetic-waves.html</u>

Have you ever heard the word electromagnetic waves? What words or groups of words come in to your mind when you hear this word? Are you aware of its existence? Do you have to be alarmed in the presence of electromagnetic waves around you? Are these harmful to living things and the environment? What does the article on Science Times in New York Times tell us on the risks and hazards in the presence of electromagnetic waves?

We live in a modern world where the throb of alternating current generates electromagnetic waves — from the television, the blender, the computer, the light bulbs, the wires in the wall. We enjoy seeing things around us because of the presence of electromagnetic waves. Some important breakthroughs in technology such as mobile communications, radar, television, microwave ovens and many more are made possible because of electromagnetic waves. We enjoy life because of electromagnetic waves.

As you sit and read this module, you are surrounded by electromagnetic waves you cannot see or hear. Thus, part of our everyday undertaking is the exposure to the different forms of electromagnetic radiations.

In this module, you will have a closer look again on electromagnetic waves, the role it plays in the electromagnetic spectrum, the practical applications of the different regions of



electromagnetic spectrum and the effects of electromagnetic radiation to living things and environment.

Remember to search for the answer to the following question(s):

- How are the electromagnetic waves produced?
- What are the components, properties and uses of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum?
- How safe are electromagnetic waves?

These are some of the questions that you will need to find the answers in this module.

#### LESSONS AND COVERAGE:

In this module, you will examine these questions when you take the lesson on electromagnetic spectrum:

In this lesson, you will learn the following:

- Explain how electromagnetic waves are produced
  Compare the relative wavelengths of different forms of electromagnetic waves
- 3. Cite examples of practical applications of the different regions of EM waves, such as the use of radio waves in telecommunications
- 4. Describe the regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, their properties and uses
- 5. Explain the effects of EM radiation on living things and the environment



#### **MODULE MAP:**

Here is a simple map of the above lessons you will cover:





#### **EXPECTED SKILLS:**

To do well in this module, you need to remember and do the following:

To do well in this module, you need to remember and do the following:

- 1. Read and follow the instructions very carefully before starting anything.
- 2. Read each lesson and do activities that are provided for you.
- 3. Complete all the activities and worksheets. Follow instructions on how to submit them.
- 4. Look up the meaning of words that you do not know.
- 5. You will frequently come across process questions as you go through different lessons. Keep a notebook (or use the Notepad) where you can write (and revise) your answers to these questions. Use also the notebook to jot down short notes, draw diagrams, and summarize what you have just read.
- 6. Perform all the activities diligently to help and guide you in understanding the topic.
- 7. For worksheets and reports that need to be submitted, use the provided checklist and rubric to evaluate your work before submission.
- 8. Allow time for relaxation and recreation when you are mentally tired. Make a timetable to schedule your study and recreation.
- 9. Good luck and enjoy learning.



#### PRE-ASSESSMENT

Let's find out how much you already know about this module. Click on the letter that you think best answers the question. Please answer all items. After taking this short test, you will see your score. Take note of the items that you were not able to correctly answer and look for the right answer as you go through this module.

1. The diagram below shows an electromagnetic spectrum:



The electromagnetic spectrum shows the complete range of frequencies of electromagnetic waves from the lowest to the highest, including, in order, radio, infrared, visible light, ultraviolet, X-ray, and gamma ray waves. Which of the following statements below explains how the electromagnetic waves are produced?

- A. Electromagnetic waves are produced when some kind of energy moves a substance, a material, or a "thing" within a medium that will conduct the mechanical energy of motion away from the source.
- B. Electromagnetic Waves are longitudinal waves that are produced when the motion of the individual particles of the medium is in a direction that is parallel to the direction of energy transport.
- C. Electromagnetic waves are transverse waves that can be created by accelerating charges; moving charges back and forth will produce oscillating electric and magnetic fields, and this travel at the speed of light.



D. Electromagnetic waves are produced whenever two waves of identical frequency interfere with one another while traveling opposite directions along the same medium.

Refer to the illustration below.



- 2. Which description is true about the radio waves in the electromagnetic spectrum?
- A. It has the shortest wavelength and highest frequency.
- B. It has the longest wavelength and lowest frequency.
- C. It has the longest wavelength and higher frequency.
- D. It has the wavelength and lower frequency.
- 3. Which of the following is a description of the ionizing electromagnetic radiations (Ultraviolet, gamma and x-ray)?
  - A. Low frequency form of electromagnetic waves.
  - B. High frequency form of electromagnetic waves.
  - C. Long wavelength form of electromagnetic waves.
  - D. Low energy form of electromagnetic waves.



Refer to the table below.

Category	Uses
gamma rays	used to kill the bacteria in marsh- mallows
X-rays	used to image bone structures
ultraviolet light	bees can see into the ultraviolet because flowers stand out more clearly at this frequency
visible light	used by humans to observe the world
infrared	night vision, heat sensors, laser metal cutting
microwave	microwave ovens, radar
radio waves	radio, television broadcasts

- 4. Which of the following descriptions is true about the use of microwave?
  - A. Microwave is used in radio detection and ranging.
  - B. Microwave is used to observe event.
  - C. Microwave is used to image bone structures.
  - D. Microwave is used in heat sensors.
- 5. What kind of waves do cellular telephones use to transmit and receive signals?



- A. Microwaves
- B. Radio waves
- C. Gamma rays
- D. Ultraviolet rays



6. How do the wavelength, frequency and speed of ultraviolet rays in vacuum compare with those of visible light?

	Wavelength	Frequency	Speed
А	Longer	Higher	Slower
В	Longer	Lower	Same
С	Same	Lower	Slower
D	Shorter	Higher	Same

- 7. Most dermatologists recommend using sunblock as a defense to Ultraviolet radiation. Which of the following describes the ability of UV ray which explains the idea of using sunblock?
  - A. UV radiation is highly penetrating which can cause suntan.
  - B. UV radiation is deeply penetrating which can cause skin cancer.
  - C. UV radiation has the highest velocity that can damage the skin.
  - D. UV radiation is impermeable to skin which can cause skin cancer.
- 8. X rays are electromagnetic radiation that differentially penetrates structures within the body and creates images of these structures on photographic film or a fluorescent screen. These images are called diagnostic x rays. Which among the statements below is NOT true?
  - A. Diagnostic x rays are useful in detecting abnormalities within the body.
  - B. They are created when an electric current is passed through a vacuum tube.
  - C. They are a non-invasive way to help diagnose problems such as broken bones, tumors, dental decay, and the presence of foreign bodies though only painful.
  - D. X rays are a form of radiation similar to light rays except that they are more energetic than light rays and are invisible to the human eye.



9. Juan, Pedro, Kiko and Inday are observing and studying the illustration of electromagnetic radiation spectrum below given by their Physics Teacher, Mr. Alberto de La Cruz.



Sir Alberto asked the four students to give an inference on the varying effects of electromagnetic waves around us based from the illustration on electromagnetic radiation spectrum above.

Which of the following students gives a correct inference?

- A. Juan: "Exposure to radio wave is not harmful because radio wave has shorter wavelength therefore it has low energy".
- B. Pedro:"The greater the size reference of an electromagnetic wave, the higher the frequency and therefore the higher the energy".
- C. Kiko: " Exposure to ionizing radiation is a greater worry because it can tear molecules apart and therefore potentially damage DNA".
- D. Inday: "Exposure to non-ionizing radiation can be more harmful than exposure to ionizing radiation because there are too many non-ionizing radiations around us".



#### 10.Refer to the given picture below:



Which of the following sets of sources are arranged in a way that will pose an increasing risk to humans when exposed to the different sources of electromagnetic radiations at the same time duration and distance?

- A. cellphones  $\rightarrow$  microwave ovens  $\rightarrow$  sunlight  $\rightarrow$  medical X-rays
- B. medical X-rays  $\rightarrow$  cordless phones  $\rightarrow$  TV  $\rightarrow$  CRT monitor
- C. WIFI  $\rightarrow$  sunlight  $\rightarrow$  subways  $\rightarrow$  radioactive sources
- D. sunlight  $\rightarrow$  microwave ovens  $\rightarrow$  cellphones  $\rightarrow$  radioactive sources



#### Refer to the given picture below:



- 11.What type of radiation can be more harmful to living things and environment when exposed at the same duration and distance based from the illustration above?
- A. Non-ionizing radiation because we use and are exposed to non-ionizing radiation every day.
- B. Non-ionizing radiation because it has enough energy to move atoms in a molecule around or cause them to vibrate, but not enough to remove electrons.
- C. Ionizing radiation because it has enough energy to change atoms in tissues and can tear molecules apart and therefore potentially damage DNA
- D. Ionizing radiation because we take advantage of the properties of ionizing radiation to produce high-quality images of the inside of our body, to generate electric power, and for many manufacturing processes.
- 12.Which of the following statements is NOT true when you are exposed to electromagnetic fields?
- A. At low frequencies, external electric and magnetic fields induce small circulating currents within the body.
- B. The main effect of radiofrequency electromagnetic fields is heating of body tissues.
- C. Short-term exposure to very high levels of electromagnetic fields can be harmful to health
- D. Exposure to low level electromagnetic fields is harmful to human health.



13.World Health Organization released a statement with regard to electromagnetic radiation and field.

Health concerns		
"Everyone is exposed to a complex mix of weak electric and magnetic fields, both at home and at work, from the generation and transmission of electricity, domestic appliances and industrial equipment, to telecommunications and broadcasting."		
- World Health Organization		

- 14.Knowing that electromagnetic radiations are all around us, which of the following factors will NOT be considered when exposed to the different forms of electromagnetic radiations?
  - A. Distance from the source because electromagnetic radiation is greatest close to the source and decreases quickly with distance from the source.
  - B. The frequency of the electromagnetic wave because the higher the frequency, the higher the energy.
  - C. The type of electromagnetic wave because it has its own properties and uses.
  - D. The size of the electromagnetic wave because the longer the wavelength, the higher the energy.
- 15. There are three ways that electromagnetic radiation can cause harm within to living bodies. Each effect is particular to a certain range of frequencies. Our main exposure to dangerous electromagnetic radiation is from direct sunlight.



#### Study the table below:

Effect	Range	Effects	Disclaimer
Induced voltage gradients and/or electric currents	Low frequencies (0-3 KHz)	Magnetic fields might do weird things to our bodies.	Normal human technologies do not produce frequencies in this range, and, the Earth itself has a magnetic field.
<b>Thermal effects</b> Absorption causes heating	30 MHz - 300 GHz Microwaves	Absorption of energy causes heating, which if enough happens at once, can damage tissue.	Energy has to specifically and intentionally focused to have an effect.
<b>Ionizing effects</b> Molecules are damaged	Ultraviolet light, X-rays, gamma rays	Carcinogenic due to occasional DNA damage.	We are exposed to these from space and from the sun, but not from human technology.

Based from the table above, it shows that the higher the frequency, the higher the risk when exposed to this type of radiation. Which of the following statements explains the possible reason for this?

- A. As frequency increases so as the energy.
- B. As frequency increases, energy decreases.
- C. As energy decreases, frequency remains the same.
- D. As energy increases, frequency remains constant.
- 16.You are working for a broadcasting network and the evening news program will air in 15 minutes. One of the segments of the show is a trivia on different topics that are relevant to the times. It so happens that the current news is about the rise of several high profile individuals suffering from cancer. Hence, you were asked to come-up with a presentation on the different effects of electromagnetic exposure as this has been cited by a lot of individuals as the key carcinogenic factor.



As a journalist, you are tasked to write a script for the news show explaining the effects of electromagnetic exposure to living things. Which of the following statements on electromagnetic exposure can be a possible consideration when you will make the script?

- A. The greater the frequency of electromagnetic radiation, the lesser is the penetrating power.
- B. Exposure to very high levels of electromagnetic fields can be harmful to health
- C. Despite extensive research, to date there is no evidence to conclude that exposure to low level electromagnetic fields is harmful to human health.
- D. Exposure to electromagnetic field levels in the living environment is extremely high.
- 17. The Philippine Skin Cancer Foundation has been alarmed with rapid growth of skin cancer. Data of Philippine Skin Cancer have shown that people living in the remote barangay are more vulnerable of the disease due to lack of knowledge. As a dermatologist, you are invited by PSCF to reach out and give information drive on skin cancer prevention.

As a dermatologist, you are requested to conduct a symposium about skin cancer prevention. Which of the following statements about skin cancer or damage can be used in the symposium?

- A. People of color do not get skin cancer
- B. Ultraviolet (UV) radiation from the sun is the number one cause of skin cancer.
- C. You cannot get sun damage on a cloudy day.
- D. Some ingredients in sunscreen can cause cancer.
- 18.A rumor is spreading fast across the country that microwave oven use is linked to the development of intestinal cancer. As a renowned Physicist of the country, you are invited by media men to clarify the matter. The public expects your point to be presented in any medium they are commonly exposed to.

As a physicist, you are requested to write a column in a newspaper explaining in details whether the public needs to be scared or not. You are tasked to give possible recommendations that you can include in your news article. Which of the following statements is NOT true?



- A. Microwave ovens meeting the standards are not hazardous to health.
- B. If you use a microwave oven in the correct way there is no known harmful effect on humans.
- C. Direct microwave exposure is not generally possible, as microwaves emitted by the source in a microwave oven are confined in the oven by the material out of which the oven is constructed.
- D. Microwave ovens make foods radioactive because nutrients are lost when heating foods
- 19.You are tasked by your teacher to make an information dissemination campaign so that everybody will be aware on the risks and hazards of the different forms of electromagnetic radiation around us. Which of the following statements will you consider in this information dissemination campaign?
  - A. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are negligible because we cannot feel the electromagnetic radiations around us.
  - B. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are dependent on the level, type and duration of exposure to the source.
  - C. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are the same to all forms of electromagnetic waves because they travel at the same speed.
  - D. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are only applicable to visible light because this is the only form of electromagnetic radiation that we can see.
- 20.Gamma-rays have the smallest wavelengths and the most energy of any other waves in the electromagnetic spectrum. These rays travel to us across vast distances of the universe, only to be absorbed by the Earth's atmosphere. It is considered the primary hazard to the general population during most radiological emergencies. In fact, when the term "radiation sickness" is used to describe the effects of large exposures in short time periods, the most severe damage almost certainly results from gamma radiation. Gamma Rays are also used in medicine for killing cancer cells.
- 21.Knowing the characteristics, properties and uses of gamma rays, what will you remember when dealing with gamma radiation?
  - A. Gamma rays have high penetrating power and it has the ability to travel great distances.
  - B. Gamma rays are the same with any other forms of electromagnetic waves because they all travel at the speed of light.



- C. Gamma rays do not exist around us because it is not visible in our naked eye.
- D. The effects of gamma radiation can only be applied in hospitals to treat cancer cells.

Consider the electromagnetic radiation spectrum below:



- 22.If you are going to make an information dissemination campaign on the varying effects of electromagnetic radiations around us, which of the following statements CANNOT be used in that campaign?
- A. The ionizing electromagnetic radiations can be more harmful than nonionizing radiation because they have more penetrating power.
- B. Visible light has the shortest range of wavelength in the spectrum and yet we can see this type of electromagnetic wave.
- C. The different forms of electromagnetic waves have different wavelengths, frequencies and speed.
- D. Radio wave has the least level of energy and the gamma has the greatest level of energy.







In the previous grades, you recognized that different forms of energy travel in different ways—light and sound travel. Also you investigated some properties and characteristics of visible light. Doing the different activities on light, gave you a clear picture on the nature and characteristics of light. You learned that light is an electromagnetic wave. Still, an important question remains. *How safe are electromagnetic waves?* This is the question that you are going to seek answers as you try to perform the different activities in this module.

Let's start the module by gathering your thoughts about the different exposure to the different forms of electromagnetic waves.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 1: INTEGUMENTARY SENSATIONS

The skin as the largest organ of the body protects the internal organs from the environmental elements. It is a host to a lot of sensory receptors to help the body react to different situations.

Below are illustrations of exposures of the skin to some stimulus. Write on the Activity Sheet below the skin sensation/s you can associate with every situation. Try to figure out also if the exposure to the different samples can cause harm to living things and environment.



Answer the process questions afterwards.

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Activity Sheet: Integumentary Sensations		
EXPOSURE	SENSATION	
Lamp Shade Exposure		
X-ray Exposure		
Bonfire Exposure		
Sun Exposure		
Sound Exposure		
CRT Monitor Exposure		

#### **Process Questions:**

- 1. Are there similarities/differences with the sensations felt in the different situations? How may your answer help describe the characteristics of the stimulus?
- 2. Are there stimuli in the given situations that can be considered as harmful? If so, in what way?
- 3. Can we guarantee our safety with the constant exposures to these phenomena/situations? Explain and justify.

What do you feel in doing the activity? Are you having a hard time identifying the different sensations in the different exposures mentioned above? What question in the process questions you find difficult to answer? What do you think is the reason of this difficulty? Think about these questions as you do the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO.2: THINKING OUT OF THE BOX- ELICITING PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

In the previous activity, you were asked to think about on the exposure on the different forms of electromagnetic waves keeping in mind the question:

How safe are electromagnetic waves? Gather your thoughts to express your answer using the thinking outside the box strategy below:

Instruction: You are going to fill up the thinking outside the box template by answering the guide question below:

#### How safe are electromagnetic waves?

*Inside the box:* Write your thoughts and ideas of the guide question in the box using the different pictures and your answers to the process questions in Activity No. 1.



Outside the box: Write your thoughts and ideas using different real life samples to defend your answer to the guide question. Be specific in your answers and examples.



#### *How safe are electromagnetic waves?*

Write your answers to the guide question in the template provided. When you are finished, submit your answers to the discussion board and try to find out the similarities and differences of your answers to the others learners online. Write your findings by writing the similarities and differences in the activity sheet below:

How safe are electromagnetic waves?		
SIMILARITIES	DIFFERENCES	
1.	1.	
2.	2.	
3.	3.	
4.	4.	
5.	5.	

Process Questions:

- a. Why do you agree or disagree on the answers of the learners online to the guide question?
- b. What basis or bases did you use in agreeing or disagreeing on the answers to the guide question?
- c. What experiences do you have that cause you to disagree or agree on the other learners online?



What can you say about your ideas about electromagnetic waves? Do you think you have the correct concepts on the exposure to the different forms of electromagnetic waves? Which of your ideas are acceptable? How are you going to verify the correct concept? How are you going to reconcile the differences? How safe really are electromagnetic waves?

#### End of EXPLORE:

You gave your initial ideas on how safe are the electromagnetic waves by doing the *integumentary sensations activity* and by answering the *thinking outside the box activity*.

You found out that your answers have similarities and differences to the other learners online. You are going to continue to find answers to the guide question. As you perform the different activities on this module, you will find out that your ideas are in line with the standard. You will also learn other concepts which will help you complete the required project found at the end. This project is an information dissemination drive about the effects of electromagnetic wave exposure

We will start by doing the next activity.



FIRM-UP

Your goal in this section is to learn and understand key concepts about electromagnetic waves (EM waves), electromagnetic spectrum, examples of practical applications of the different regions of EM waves and explain the effects of EM radiation on living things and the environment;

Monitor your accomplishment in these competencies.

CHECKLIST OF COMPETENCIES		
	Explain how electromagnetic waves are produced	
	Compare the relative wavelengths of different forms of electromagnetic waves	
	Cite examples of practical applications of the different regions of EM waves, such as the use of radio waves in telecommunications	
	Describe the regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, their properties and uses	



Explain the effects of EM radiation on living things and the environment

We will be focusing on some important questions as we go along with our discussions to meet the requirements of the different competencies in this module:

How are the electromagnetic waves produced? What are the components, properties and uses of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum? *How safe are electromagnetic waves?* 

#### ACTIVITY NO. 3: LET'S DO THE WAVE!- FRAYER'S MODEL MAP

In grade 7, you learned that waves are carrier of energy. You also investigated the types of waves, characteristics of waves and wave velocity. It was in your grade 7 when you have a clear concept on the nature and characteristics of electromagnetic wave. This module is build up in the basic concept of electromagnetic wave. Let us review if you still have the correct concepts on electromagnetic waves by doing the Frayer's model activity below:



#### FRAYER'S MODEL MAP



Follow the given procedure below:

- 1. In the center oval of the Frayer Model map, write the word ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVE.
- 2. What is an electromagnetic wave? Write your answer to the guide question to the definition box of the Frayer's Model Map.
- 3. What facts/characteristics can you think of if you heard about the word "electromagnetic wave"? If you already thought of these characteristics, list them on its given box.
- 4. Then, write examples of electromagnetic waves in the box labeled examples. Give three answers
- 5. Do the same for the non-examples of electromagnetic waves. Give also three answers

After completing the Frayer's Model Map, answer the guide questions below:

PROCESS QUESTIONS:

- 1. Based on your answers in the model, what can you say about electromagnetic wave?
- 2. What are the characteristics of electromagnetic wave?
- 3. What are some concrete examples of electromagnetic waves?
- 4. What are examples and non-examples of electromagnetic waves? Explain your answer.

After doing the activity, do you still have the correct concepts on electromagnetic waves? How certain are you on your ideas on electromagnetic waves? Let us find out by doing the next activity.

### ACTIVITY NO. 4: VIDEO ANALYSIS: WHAT'S WITH THE ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES?

Open the link: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xZ6XUk7QLbU</u> and watch the video about the electromagnetic waves and how these waves behave. Take note of the important points that are shared in the video. Write your notes in the table below:

My notes:



PROCESS QUESTIONS:

- 1. What is an electromagnetic wave? How does it behave?
- 2. What indicates that electromagnetic waves travel or move?
- 3. Describe the relationship of wavelength and frequency.
- 4. According to the video, you cannot make observations around us or see the world at all without light, would this mean that electromagnetic waves are safe? Explain.

After doing the activity, do you have already the correct concepts on how electromagnetic waves are produced? Double check your ideas by doing the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 5: WEBPAGE READING- INTRODUCTION TO ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVE

Read the webpage on the physics classroom that discusses the electromagnetic waves and visible spectra. This will give you an idea on how the electromagnetic waves are produced. Open the link below:

http://www.physicsclassroom.com/class/light/Lesson-2/The-Electromagnetic-and-Visible-Spectra

Be sure to make an outline of the important facts you get from reading the given article.

#### **Process Questions:**

- 1. How are electromagnetic waves produced?
- 2. How fast does an electromagnetic wave travel? How does it travel?
- 3. What are the different kinds of electromagnetic waves?
- 4. Discuss the importance of frequency, wavelength and energy in the study of electromagnetic wave? Would this determine how safe are the electromagnetic waves? Explain.

In this activity, you learned how electromagnetic waves are produced. You are going to perform the next activity so that you can visualize on how electromagnetic waves propagate through space.

#### ACTIVITY NO.6: WEB SIMULATION ON ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVE



You are going to do web simulation on electromagnetic wave so that you will have visual representation on how electromagnetic waves are produced. Open the given link:

http://www.phy.ntnu.edu.tw/ntnujava/index.php?topic=35.msg215# msg215

See to it that you have the *java applet application* installed in your computer. Observe the simulation of an electromagnetic wave. Try to take note how this wave produced and how this wave propagates through space.

Process Questions:

- 1. What are your observations in the simulation of an electromagnetic wave?
- 2. What happen to the electromagnetic wave as you try to manipulate the given variables in the simulation set-up?
- 3. What are the things that you want to remember as you manipulate the electromagnetic wave simulation?

You have learned how the electromagnetic waves are produced and how this type of wave propagated through space. Express your ideas by completing the statements below:





Post your answers in the discussion board. Try to check the answers of the other learners online. Give your opinion and ideas in the discussion board so that your ideas will also be clarified as well as the ideas of the other learners on line.

What did you observe to the answers of the other learners on line? Can you say that you have the same concepts on how the electromagnetic waves are produced? This is important because you need to know the nature and characteristics of electromagnetic waves because you will use this in the study of electromagnetic spectrum which contains an extremely broad spectrum of wavelength and frequency. You will investigate more the electromagnetic waves as you try to discover the world of electromagnetic spectrum. Let us try to explore the electromagnetic spectrum by doing the next activity.

#### **ACTIVITY NO. 7: SONG ANALYSIS**

Click on this link and listen to the electromagnetic spectrum song: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A0un-\_jBPPU</u>

Use the lyrics of the song to complete the sequenced of information in the table below:

TYPES OF ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES	SOURCES/EXAMPLES

#### **Process Questions:**

1) Cite another example/source for each type of electromagnetic wave and add it in the table above. Highlight your new example with a yellow color.



- 2) Which of the sources/examples are commonly encountered or are frequently used?
- 3) Which of the sources/examples are beneficial to the living things and the environment? Why?
- 4) Which of the sources/examples are harmful to the living things and the environment? Why?
- 5) How do you protect yourself from the harmful effects of electromagnetic radiation?

After having completed the table and answered the process questions, are you now confident of your ideas about electromagnetic spectrum? Let's continue to verify your ideas in the next set of activities.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 8: DRAG AND DROP

After listening to the song on the *Electromagnetic Spectrum*, take a look at the pictures below. Draw and label a line representing the electromagnetic spectrum and drag the pictures to the appropriate type of electromagnetic wave that it emits.



# MY ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM



Process Questions:

- 1) Which pictures were mentioned in the song?
- 2) Which picture was hard to classify? Why?
- *3)* Of the pictures that you arranged, which posed a risk to human beings? Why?

**Congratulations!** You've made your own representation of the EM spectrum".

How many pictures were correctly placed? Proceed to the next activity and try to verify which of the pictures were in its proper place.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 9: WEBPAGE READING ON ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

Read the article below by following the link provided. Use the article in filling up the table below.

http://www.cyberphysics.co.uk/topics/light/emspect.htm

After reading the article, use the important concepts in the article to complete the table below:

NAME	CHARACTERISTICS	SOURCES	USES	DANGER
Gamma Rays				



**Process Questions:** 

- 1) What are the similarities and differences of different waves of electromagnetic spectrum?
- 2) Compare the relative wavelengths of different forms of electromagnetic waves.
- 3) What relationship do they have in terms of frequency and wavelength?
- 4) Discuss the frequency and energy of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum
- 5) How does the energy of the different waves of the electromagnetic spectrum vary with frequency and wavelength?
- 6) How do you perceive things without electromagnetic spectrum?
- 7) How does understanding the behavior of electromagnetic spectrum help in making informed decisions?

After completing the webpage reading, are you confident of your ideas about electromagnetic spectrum? The next activity will strengthen more your ideas and concepts on electromagnetic spectrum

#### ACTIVITY NO.10: RECIPROCAL TEACHING

1. Suppose you are given this illustration from a certain article for a particular topic:

#### Electromagnetic Spectrum





 Write a prediction about what the article will cover and support your answer. Write your answers in the Prediction and Support Portion

Name:		
Chapter or Book title:		
8 9	10	
<b>Reciprocal Teaching Worksheet</b>	W	
	VY	http://www.itrc.ucf.edu/forpd/

• (first row) of the template below:

**Prediction**: Before you begin to read the selection, look at the title or cover, scan the pages to read the major headings, and look at any illustrations. Write down your prediction (s)

Prediction:	Support:
Main Ideas: As you finish reading each	<b>Questions:</b> For each main idea listed, write
paragraph or key section of text, identify the main idea of that paragraph or section.	down at least one question.
Main Idea 1:	Question 1:
Main Idea 2:	Question 2:
Main Idea 3:	Question 3:
·	
Main Idea 4:	Question 4:
·	



Main Idea 5:	Question 5:
Summarize: Write a brief summary of what you read.	
<b>Clarify:</b> Copy down words, phrases, or sentences in the passage that are unclear. Then explain	
how you clarified your understanding.	
Word or Phrase:	Clarify:

2. Click the webpage below and read the text about the Electromagnetic Spectrum: <u>http://imagine.gsfc.nasa.gov/science/toolbox/emspectrum1.html</u>

As you read the selection, check to see whether it turns out as you predicted. Stop at several points during your reading and ask yourself how closely the content of the article fits your initial prediction. How do the facts or information that you have read change your prediction about what you will find in the rest of the article?

- 3. Stop after each paragraph or major section of the passage. Construct two or more complete sentences that sum up only the most important idea (s) that appear in the section. Write these summary (main idea) sentences in the *Reciprocal Teaching Worksheet* and continue reading.
- 4. Look at the ideas that you have summarized as you read the article. For each main idea listed write down at least one question that the main idea will answer.



- 5. Sometimes in your reading, you will run into words, phrases or whole sentences that really don't make sense. If you come across a word whose meaning you do not know, read the sentences before and after it to see if they give you clues to the word's meaning. If the word is still unclear, look it up in a dictionary. If a phrase or sentence is unclear, reread the phrase or sentence carefully and try to understand it. Write your answers in the last row of the *Reciprocal Teaching Worksheet*.
- 6. After completing the *Reciprocal Teaching Worksheet*, answer the questions below:
  - a. Were your predictions the same as the article you read? What similarities did your prediction and the article have? Were there any differences? What are these?
  - b. After reading the article, complete the 321 Chart below:



The last question that you have about the Electromagnetic Spectrum will be answered as you complete the rest of the activities in this module. Let us continue to investigate more your ideas and concepts on electromagnetic spectrum by dong the different simulation activities:



## ACTIVITY NO.11: A TOUR ON THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

Visit the interactive activity from the *NOVA* Web site. The activity provides a self-guided tour of the electromagnetic spectrum, including examples of some of the most common uses of different types of waves:

http://www.pbslearningmedia.org/resource/phy03.sci.phys.mfw.spectr um/tour-the-electromagnetic-spectrum/

After watching the lecture part, you are to proceed to the simulation of electromagnetic spectrum interactive to investigate the relationship among frequency, wavelength and energy of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

http://earthguide.ucsd.edu/eoc/special topics/teach/sp climate chan ge/p emspectrum interactive.html

Process Questions:

- 1. Describe the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum? Cite the properties and uses of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum
- 2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of the presence of the different forms of electromagnetic waves around us?
- 3. How does the energy of the different waves of the electromagnetic spectrum vary with frequency and wavelength?
- 4. Based from the simulation activity, describe the relationship among wavelength, frequency and energy?
- 5. Why do we have to know the relationship among wavelength, frequency and energy?
- 6. Do we have to be threatened to the different forms of electromagnetic waves?

The videos supported the ideas you have about the electromagnetic spectrum. You can use the ideas you have from the article and videos to proceed to our next simulation activities.



#### ACTIVITY NO. 12: ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECRTRUM ACTIVITY

Check this website below for you to have hands-on experience about electromagnetic radiation

http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/gcsebitesize/science/21c\_pre\_2011/radiation/electromagneticradiationact.shtml

Process Questions:

- 1. Compare the relative wavelengths of different forms of electromagnetic waves.
- 2. What relationship do they have in terms of frequency and wavelength?
- 3. Discuss the frequency and energy of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum
- 4. How does the energy of the different waves of the electromagnetic spectrum vary with frequency and wavelength?
- 5. How are gamma rays different from infrared radiation?
- 6. Why is x-ray important in medical aspect?
- 7. What is the purpose of radio waves?
- 8. Why do the different parts of the spectrum have different effects to living things and environment?

With the given hands-on activities, you were able to discover more about the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum. You have known more about their wavelength, frequency and energy.

In the next part of this module, you are going to do the enrichment activities on electromagnetic spectrum. In this manner, your misconceptions and queries on electromagnetic spectrum will be answered.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 13: ENRICHMENT ACTIVITIES ON ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

#### A. VIDEO ON ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

Watch the video on NASA-tour of the electromagnetic spectrum on you tube about what electromagnetic spectrum is all about. Open the site: <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HPcAWNIVI-8">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HPcAWNIVI-8</a>

As you watch the video, be sure to take note of some key concepts that will help you answer the given questions below.

Process Questions:


- 1. What are the components of the electromagnetic spectrum?
- 2. How do these parts differ from one another?
- 3. Why are some parts of the spectrum dangerous to living things?

#### **B. QUIZ ON ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM**

You are going to take the quizzes on electromagnetic waves to check if you have clear concepts on electromagnetic waves and electromagnetic spectrum:

- 1. <u>Electromagnetic Spectrum Quiz</u> <u>http://www.proprofs.com/quiz-</u> <u>school/story.php?title=electromagnetic-spectrum-quiz</u>
- 2. Glencoe Online Quiz on Electromagnetic Spectrum <u>http://glencoe.mheducation.com/sites/0078617766/student\_vie</u> <u>w0/chapter3/section2/self-check\_quiz-eng\_.html</u>

Process Questions:

- 1. How do you find the quiz on electromagnetic spectrum?
- 2. Are you certain of your ideas on electromagnetic spectrum?
- 3. What will you do to correct your misconceptions on electromagnetic waves and electromagnetic spectrum?

After doing the enrichment activities, do you still have clarifications on electromagnetic spectrum? Are you certain now of your ideas on electromagnetic spectrum? Now that you have clear concepts on electromagnetic spectrum, you are going to investigate some practical applications of electromagnetic waves and its effect on living things and environment. You will get to explore more about radiation and its different effects. Let us continue by doing the virtual lab below.

#### ACTIVITY NO.14: VIRTUAL LAB.- VISIBLE LIGHT: HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE

Visible light is one common type of electromagnetic waves that we are all familiar with. Light is everywhere in our world. We need it to see: it carries information from the world to our eyes and brains. Seeing colors and shapes is second nature to us, yet light is a perplexing phenomenon when we study it more closely. You are going to investigate the complex and yet wonderful world of visible light. As you try to do the different activities on visible light, ask yourself the following questions: Do we have to be alarmed in the presence of visible light around us? Why do we have to?



Click the link below: <a href="http://www.learner.org/teacherslab/science/light/">http://www.learner.org/teacherslab/science/light/</a>

You may click on your desired activity to get to know more about light and its properties together with the many applications it has.

Process Questions:

- 1. What are the properties of light as part of the spectrum?
- 2. Why do the different parts of the spectrum have different effects?

You were able to realize many important things about visible light. Let us proceed with another fun way of learning other applications of the EM waves. The next sets of activities will give you more insights to the practical application of the different forms of electromagnetic waves and its effects on living things and the environment. Enjoy learning!

#### ACTIVITY NO. 15: ENJOY THE SUN----SAFELY! (SCAFFOLD 1: Directed Writing-Tree Strategy)

Read the two articles on some effects of ultraviolet rays from the sun to living things by following the links provided.

- 1. Cosmetic Procedures: Sun Exposure and Skin Cancer <u>http://www.webmd.com/beauty/sun/sun-exposure-skin-cancer</u>
- 2. Ultraviolet radiation and the INTERSUN Programme <u>http://www.who.int/uv/sun\_protection/en/</u>

Organize your notes and ideas on the article by completing the graphic organizer below. Refer to the process questions as you complete the organizer.



Now write your paragraph based on the graphic organizer that you have completed.





Process Questions:

- 1. What specific dangers to the skin may be brought about by the exposure to the sun?
- 2. What type of radiation is responsible for this skin damage?
- 3. How do you protect yourself from such damages?

What did you observe in doing the activity? Are all electromagnetic waves harmful? Continue you exploration on practical application of the different forms of electromagnetic waves and its effects on living things and the environment by doing the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO.16: RAINBOW EXPERIMENT

Go over the activity found on the link:

http://www.curriculumbits.com/prodimages/details/physics/rainbow.ht ml

After finding out the characteristics and properties of light, create a one page drawing of a rainbow showing its effects and importance on living things and environment. You can use other resources to come up with a good output in this activity. Use the Web 2.0 applicationhttp://blabberize.com/ to express your ideas of the given task. Submit your work to your online teacher. Your online teacher will give feedback on your work.

Process Questions:

- 1. How are the colors of the rainbow arranged?
- 2. How do these different colors undergo dispersion or other processes?
- 3. Why can we not see all the colors of the rainbow all the time?
- 4. What are the effects of rainbow dispersion on living things and environment?
- 5. In the absence of visible light, are we capable of appreciating and enjoying the things around us through the presence of colors?
- 6. Are all electromagnetic waves harmful?

*Try to do the next activity to discover more your understanding on the different effects of electromagnetic waves.* 



#### ACTIVITY NO. 17: NOTE-TAKING FROM YOUTUBE.

Open the link: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cfXzwh3KadE</u>. The video talks about the uses or application of the different electromagnetic spectrum. It will help you more appreciate the different radiations through their application.

After watching the video, write the things you have learned, organize your thoughts and fill in the **POW + tree activity** below.

Strategy		Activity
(Formulate an opinion and state that opinion		
clearly)		
	<b>Topic Sentence</b> (Formulate a topic sentence expressing an opinion)	
Reason (Give at least three reasons to support the topic sentence) Explanation (Explain your reasons)		



	<b>Ending</b> (Formulate a statement to summarize the topic sentence)	
rite and say (Write a complete parag developed using the TRE	raph. Follow the plan	

#### Process Questions:

- 1. Why do electromagnetic waves have varying effects on living organisms and the environment?
- 2. What are the things to consider when somebody will be exposed to the different forms of electromagnetic radiation?
- *3. Are all electromagnetic waves harmful? When do electromagnetic waves become harmful? Support your answer by citing important evidences.*

Based on the activity, can you say that we have to be threatened to all forms of electromagnetic waves? What are the things to consider in the exposure to the different forms of electromagnetic waves? Are the exposures to the different forms of electromagnetic waves harmful? You will perform the next activity to see some important applications of electromagnetic radiation around us.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 18: RADIO WAVES IN TELECOMMUNICATION

The application of radio waves in telecommunication is one of the breakthroughs of the important use of electromagnetic waves around us. Try to click the different websites below in order for you to have a good grasps on the role of radio waves in telecommunication.

- 1. Webpage Reading on radio waves and safety: <u>http://www.ideacellular.com/wps/wcm/connect/709ff7e8-0c41-</u> <u>43ec-8182-42aa43ebbc91/mobile+communication-</u> <u>radio+waves+and+safety+10th+sept+12+final.pdf?mod=ajperes</u>
- 2. Video on radio waves on telecommunications: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=al7sFP4C2TY</u>



3. Simulation Activity on radio waves and electromagnetic fields: The simulation activity is on radio waves and electromagnetic field. What should be considered in doing the simulation? How are you going to relate the simulation activity to the concepts of radio waves in telecommunications?

https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulation/radio-waves

After doing the different activities on radio waves in telecommunications, you are going to prepare a 1-minute oral presentation through the use of Web 2.0 application- <u>http://voki.com/</u> on how safe are radio waves? Submit your work to you online teacher. You are going to choose an avatar from <u>http://voki.com/</u> to deliver your message. You will be evaluated using the scoring rubric below:

#### CRITERIA: JUSTIFICATION

- 4 points-Evidences gathered from the data and relevant and updated information are presented clearly and concisely making the work reasonable and compelling. highly convincing
- 3 points- Evidences gathered from the data and relevant information are presented clearly and concisely making the work reasonable
- 2 points- Few evidences are presented and with very few references to the data; some information is not presented clearly making the work unconvincing in certain parts
- 1 point- Almost no evidences are presented and made no references to the data; many important information is presented in a confusing way. is not presented clearly making the work unconvincing

Process Questions:

- 1. How safe are radio waves?
- 2. When does radio wave become harmful?
- 3. Are all electromagnetic waves harmful? Explain.

Based on the activity, can you say that we have to be threatened by the presence of radio waves around us? What are the things to be considered in dealing with electromagnetic radiations? The next activity will also give you an idea on the use of electromagnetic waves around us.



#### ACTIVITY NO.19: GPS: A TRACKING DEVICE

Read the article in the link: <u>http://www.ocregister.com/articles/school-</u> <u>288730-students-program.html</u> to find out more about GPRS and how this was used by a school as part of their school system.

**Process Questions:** 

- 1. What does GPS stand for?
- 2. How does a GPS function?
- 3. Why does the school use this for their students? How does this device help the teachers and school heads?
- 4. Are all forms of electromagnetic waves harmful?

After answering the given questions, you are to fill in the given *Sum It Up worksheet* 

	Sum It Up	
NAME	DATE	
TITLE of READING SELEC	TION	
	nderline the key words and main ideas. Write elow where it says "Main Idea Words."	
<ol> <li>At the bottom of this sheet, write a one-sentence summary of the article, using as many main idea words as you can. Imagine you only have \$2.00, and each word you use will cost you 10 cents. See if you can "sum it up" in twenty words!</li> </ol>		
Main Idea Words:		
"Sum It Up" for \$2.00 		
(NC) Schools	_Adapted from Pat Widdowson Surry County	



Good job! You have completed the Sum It Up activity. At this point, go over the given articles. Find out what are common things among them and be able to answer the given questions after.

You have completed the different activities that exposed you to some practical applications of the different forms of electromagnetic waves and its effects on living things and the environment. It is time for you to write your thoughts on this matter to determine if you have indeed learned the varying effects of the different forms of electromagnetic radiation.

#### ACTIVITY NO.20: ESSAY WRITING: OH MY EM RADIATION!

You are going to make an essay that will contain your understanding on the following important questions:

- What are some practical applications of the different regions of the Electromagnetic Waves?
- What are the effects of electromagnetic radiation on living things and the environment?
- How safe are electromagnetic waves?

Use the Expository Essay Planning Map to organize your thoughts. You are going to make an essay not less than 300 words that contain the answers to the guide questions above. Your work will be evaluated using the essay rubric below:





#### OH MY EM RADIATION!

Now write your essay (not more than 300 words) on the activity sheet below:





# \_\_\_\_\_

#### ESSAY WRITING RUBRIC:

CRITERIA	Outstanding	Satisfactory	Developing	Beginning	RATING
	4	3	2	1	
Content	Presents	Presents a	Presents	No scientific	
	comprehensive	good	insufficient	reasoning	
	scientific	number of	and	was	
	reasoning with	scientific	inconsistent	presented.	
	detailed	reasons	scientific		
	elaboration of	with	evidences in		
	the pros and	sufficient	some parts		
	cons.	elaboration	with little		
		of pros and	elaboration		
		cons.	of pros and		
			cons		
Organization	Order of ideas	Order of	Order of	Order of	
	is apparent and	ideas is	ideas is	ideas is not	
	has an	apparent.	confusing in	present. No	
	interesting	Sufficient	some parts	supporting	
	progression.	details are	Some details	details were	
		geared to	are not	given	
		the central	specific to		
		idea.	one central		
			idea.		
	Evidences	Evidences	Few	Almost no	
Justification	gathered from	gathered	evidences	evidences	
	the data and	from the	are	are	
	relevant and	data and	presented	presented	
	updated	relevant	and with	and made no	
	information	information	very few	references	
	are presented	are	references	to the data;	
	clearly and	presented	to the data;	many	
	concisely	clearly and	some	important	
	making the	concisely	information	information	
	work	making the	is not	is presented	
	reasonable	work	presented	in a	
	and	reasonable	clearly	confusing	
	compelling.		making the	way. is not	
	highly		work	presented	
	convincing		unconvincing	clearly	



in ce	rtain making the	
parts	s work	
	unconvincing	

Submit your output to your online teacher.

You are done with the four activities on the different effects of electromagnetic spectrum around us. Your essay serves as the learnings you got from the varied activities given to you for better understanding of the topic.

#### End of FIRM UP:

In this section, the discussion was about the electromagnetic waves (EM waves), electromagnetic spectrum, examples of practical applications of the different regions of EM waves and explains the effects of EM radiation on living things and the environment.

Also, go back to the previous section and compare your initial ideas with the discussion. How much of your initial ideas are found in the discussion? Which ideas are different and need revision? What new learning goal should you now try to achieve? Go back to your learning competencies and do self-monitoring of your accomplishment of the listed goals.

Now that you know the important ideas about this topic, let's go deeper by moving on to the next section.



### DEEPEN

Your goal in this section is to take a closer look at some aspects of the electromagnetic spectrum. You will this time get to make a generalization on how safe are the electromagnetic waves. Your knowledge in the previous section will let you more develop appreciation on the importance of these electromagnetic waves around us

*This will further help you answer our essential question: How safe are electromagnetic waves?* 

Let's start by doing our next activity



#### ACTIVITY NO. 21: CLOSER LOOK ON ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATIONS

In order for us to have a good grasp on how safe are electromagnetic waves, it will be good that we will have a closer look to the different forms of electromagnetic radiations, its properties and uses. Open and click the websites below:

- 1. Discussion between non-ionizing radiation and ionizing radiation: <u>http://www.epa.gov/radiation/understand/ionize\_nonionize.html</u>
- 2. Answers to questions on Radiation and You <u>http://www.radiationanswers.org/radiation-introduction.html</u>

Process Questions:

- 1. What are non-ionizing radiations? Give examples.
- 2. What are ionizing radiations? Give examples.
- 3. Differentiate between ionizing radiation and non-ionizing radiation?
- 4. Which can be more harmful to living things: ionizing radiation or non-ionizing radiation? Defend your answer
- 5. When can electromagnetic waves become harmful? What are the factors to be considered in dealing with electromagnetic radiations?

Now that you have ideas on the different types of radiation, it will be good to examine some documents that will talk on electromagnetic radiation safety. You will do this by doing the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO.22: ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION SAFETY

You are going to read the different articles on electromagnetic radiation safety for you to expand your ideas on how safe are the electromagnetic waves. As you try to read the articles, try to take down notes the factors that will affect electromagnetic radiation safety. Click and examine the different articles below:

 World Health Organization- Electromagnetic fields. Read the 7 pages on this website. <u>http://www.who.int/peh-emf/about/WhatisEMF/en/</u>



- 2. Health and Electromagnetic Fields <u>http://ec.europa.eu/health/archive/ph\_determinants/environme\_nt/emf/brochure\_en.pdf</u>
- 3. Electromagnetic Radiation Safety <u>http://www.saferemr.com/</u>

As you try to read the three articles, the take down notes sheet below will help you gather your thoughts on how safe are the electromagnetic waves.

The things that I want to remember:		
How safe are electromagnetic waves? What are the factors t considered in dealing with electromagnetic radiations?	to	be

Process Questions:

- 1. What are the things that you found out on the risks and hazards in dealing with electromagnetic radiations?
- 2. Do we have to be alarmed with the presence of the different forms of electromagnetic waves around us? Explain.
- 3. How safe are electromagnetic waves to living things and environment?

Now that you have read the different articles on electromagnetic radiation safety you are going to perform the next activity to strengthen your ideas on electromagnetic radiations.



#### ACTIVITY NO. 23: SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION: RADIATION AND YOU

Research a problem related to electromagnetic radiation safety. The essential question will help you: *How safe are electromagnetic waves*?

E-mail your chosen topic/problem/issue to your teacher. Wait for his/her feedback or approval.

Once your topic is approved, start investigating about it. For your output, you should be able to complete this **problem-and-solution outline** and submit to your teacher.





Before submitting to your teacher, do a self-evaluation of your work by completing this check-bric:

Criteria	YES	NO
I have a clear idea of what the problem or case.		
My attempts at coming up with a solution involves (you should answer "yes" in at least two):		
<ul> <li>Explaining what electromagnetic waves are involved in the given problem.</li> <li>Discussing the relationship among wavelength, frequency and energy of the given problem</li> <li>Describing the region of the electromagnetic spectrum, the properties and use of the electromagnetic wave that is related to your problem.</li> <li>Explaining the effects of electromagnetic waves to living things and environment.</li> <li>Citing some practical solutions (including risks and hazards) to solve the given problem</li> </ul>		
The results I came up with are based on careful research and investigation.		
The final result is a product of my best judgment of the preliminary results gathered.		
My scientific investigation is relevant and is informative to all who will read it.		

After doing the scientific investigation activity, do you have a clear idea on electromagnetic radiation safety? How safe are electromagnetic waves? When do electromagnetic radiations become valuable? You will perform the next activity to express further your ideas on the hazards and risks brought about by electromagnetic radiations.



### ACTIVITY NO. 24. MISCONCEPTION CHECK: RADIATION ALERT! (SCAFFOLD 2)

Comment on the statement,

"Ionizing radiations are harmful."

Express your view using the activity sheet below. Support your claims by reading the article found in the link below. Recall how you elaborated your point in the Tree Strategy to help you out in this task. http://agni.phys.iit.edu/~vpa/medical%20applications.htm



Process Questions:

- 1. What radiation is used in medical treatments?
- 2. Can all electromagnetic waves be used in treating illnesses?
- 3. How did you make your point in the activity reliable?
- 4. What are your considerations when you talk on the varying effects of electromagnetic waves?
- 5. When do electromagnetic waves become harmful?
- 6. How safe are radiations?

After doing the activity, are you certain of your answer to the question: How safe are the electromagnetic waves? Let us continue doing the next activity. The next activity will help you make your generalization on the essential question.



#### ACTIVITY NO. 25: OUTLINING THE EFFECTS OF RADIATION

Instruction: Use the outline tool below to summarize the effects of radiation. Develop your answers based on the provided articles. Use the process questions for each article as your guide in elaborating your point.

Article 1: How Radiation Threatens Health

http://www.scientificamerican.com/article/how-radiation-threatenshealth/

- 1) What type of electromagnetic wave is cited in the article?
- 2) What harm does this type of EM wave bring?
- 3) Will exposure to this type of EM wave certainly make you ill? Why?

Article 2: Cellphones and Cancer Risk

http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/factsheet/Risk/cellphones

- 1) Describe the level of harmfulness of the type of radiation cited in the article based on its location in the electromagnetic spectrum.
- 2) In the context of radiation risk, what can you recommend to make the use of cellphones safer?

Article 3: Effects of Sun Exposure to Skin

http://www.webmd.com/beauty/sun/sun-exposure-skin-cancer

- 1) What specific dangers to the skin may be brought about by the exposure to the sun?
- 2) What type of radiation is responsible for this skin damage?
- 3) How do you protect yourself from such damages?

You are going to put together your answers to the essential questions that we asked for each article.

	Article #1:	Article #2:	Article #3
ESSENTIAL	How Radiation	Effects of Sun	Article #3:
QUESTIONS:	Threatens	Exposure to	Electromagnetic
	Health	Skin	Fields and
			Public Health:
			Microwave
			ovens
How safe are		The effects of	
electromagnetic	The effects of	the	
waves?	the	electromagnetic	The effects of
		waves are	the



electromagnetic waves are	electromagnetic waves are

The varying effects of the electromagnetic waves are.....

Supporting reasons and examples from the above articles:

How safe are electromagnetic waves?

PROCESS QUESTIONS:

- 1. Look at your answers to the essential questions in the above table. What do all the answers have in common?
- 2. Are all the strategies the same? How do the answers differ? What are the different effects of the electromagnetic waves to humans and the environment?
- 3. How safe are the electromagnetic waves?

What did you notice to your answers to the question: How safe are the electromagnetic waves? Try to recall your answers to these questions in the entire duration of this module and assess if you have changes to your answers. Were you able to have concrete, specific and certain answers in this activity? Let us check these understandings by making your own generalization on how safe are the electromagnetic waves in the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 26: MY OWN GENERALIZATION ON ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATIONS

Let us verify if you have a good grasp of your answers to the essential question: *How safe are electromagnetic waves?* You are going to find



three situations in any form or resources that will show the varying effects of electromagnetic radiations to living things and the environment. The situation can be an article, a discussion in the net, drawing, cartoons, comic strip, data, graphs, illustrations and the likes. You are going to put you answers in the activity sheet below:

MYOWN	MY OWN GENERALIZATION ON ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATIONS				
	Situation #1:	Situation #2:	Situation #3		
ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:	<i>Write the situation here</i>	<i>Write the situation here</i>	<i>Write the situation here</i>		
How safe are electromagnetic waves?	The effects of the electromagnetic waves are	The effects of the electromagnetic waves are	The effects of the electromagnetic waves are		

Answer the guide questions below:

The varying effects of the electromagnetic waves are.....

Supporting reasons and examples from the above articles:

How safe are electromagnetic waves?



Submit your answers to your online teacher. Your teacher will give feedback on this work.

Are you certain of your ideas on how safe are the electromagnetic waves? What factors help you to come up with a good generalization on the essential question? Let us go back to your answers on the beginning of this module so that you will see the changes in your answers and give the correct explanation to your answers.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 27: REVIEW-THINKING OUT OF THE BOX ACTIVITY

Go back to your answers at the start of this module on the activity-Thinking out of the box:



#### How safe are electromagnetic waves?

You also have answers in this activity sheet where you wrote the similarities and differences of your answers to other learners on line:

How safe are electromagnetic waves?			
SIMILARITIES DIFFERENCES			
1.	1.		
2.	2.		
3.	3.		
4.	4.		
5.	5.		



If you are going to make changes to the answers on this activity what will it be and why? Complete the table below:

	ACCEPTABLE ANSWERS		
	Statements	Explanation	
1.		1.	
2.		2.	
3.		3.	
	MISCONCEPTIONS		
4.		4.	
5.		5.	
6.		6.	

What did you notice to your answers to this activity? Do you have changes on your initial ideas on how safe are electromagnetic waves? Were you able to correct your misconceptions? Share your generalization by making a blog so that other members in the online community will be enlightened on this matter.

#### ACTIVITY NO 28: WRITE YOUR OWN BLOG!

Make a blog on what you found out on this module by answering the essential question: How safe are the electromagnetic waves? Give examples and justification in your answers. Publish, share your work and collaborate to other members on line using the web 2.0 application - https://www.blogger.com/

Process Question:

- 1. <u>Are you confident to your answers to the essential question:</u> <u>How safe are the electromagnetic waves?</u>
- 2. <u>Were you able to collaborate with other members on line with</u> regard to the answers to this guide question?

#### End of DEEPEN:

In this section, you investigated further the different scenarios and situation in order for you to find the answer to the question: How safe are electromagnetic waves?

What new realizations do you have about the topic? What new connections have you made for yourself? What helped you make these connections?

Now that you have a deeper understanding of the topic, you are ready to do the tasks in the next section.





Your goal in this section is apply your learning to real life situations. You will be given a practical task which will demonstrate your understanding.

#### ACTIVITY NO.29: DILEMMA: TO SWITCH OR NOT TO SWITCH? (SCAFFOLD 3)

In all gas stations, you will see this signage:



Your task in this activity is to visit the website <u>www.edjudo.com</u> and select what you think is the best Web 2.0 application that will allow you to show the effects of radio waves in order for you to decide whether the signage has basis or not. You will submit your output to your teacher. Your work will be evaluated according to content, organization, justification and impact.

Remember all the skills that you learned in the previous activities on electromagnetic waves.

#### Process Questions:

- 1. What have you found out about radio waves?
- 2. What do you think is the basis for the signage?
- 3. If you are given the chance to correct or enhance it, what would you suggest?
- 4. Are radio waves safe? Justify your answer.
- 5. Which web 2.0 application did you choose? Why?
- 6. Will using a web 2.0 application to convey information be effective?

Were you able to make an informed decision in the situation given above? Are you certain on the reasons of your answers? You are about to do the performance task of this module but before doing that let us



check if you were able to have a good grasps of the competencies on this lesson in which you will use in the Performance Task.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 30: AM I READY?

**Instruction:** Complete the Competency Check table below to assess your readiness to do the performance task.

SELF-EVALUATION OF PERFORM	ING COM	PETENC]	ES
SKILLS	I can do this by myself and in different ways	I can do this by myself	I still need help to do this
Explain how electromagnetic waves are produced			
Compare the relative wavelengths of different forms of electromagnetic waves			
Cite examples of practical applications of the different regions of EM waves, such as the use of radio waves in telecommunications			
Describe the regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, their properties and uses			
Explain the effects of EM radiation on living things and the environment			

Process Questions:

- 1. Which competencies do you feel confident about?
- 2. In which competencies do you still need assistance?
- 3. What do you plan to do in order to better prepare yourself for the performance task?

Are your ready for your performance task on this module. Check and perform the performance task in the next activity.

#### ACTIVITY NO. 31: PERFORMANCE TASKS (DIFFERENTIATED GRASP)

The purpose of this performance task is for you to conduct an information drive about the effects of electromagnetic wave exposure to help people make informed decisions. You are going to do this through



Differentiated GRASP so that you will have choices on the desired product that you will make for this module. Read the Differentiate GRASP below:

#### OPTION #1: **JOURNALIST**

You are working for a broadcasting network and the evening news program will air in 15 minutes. One of the segments of the show is a trivia on different topics that are relevant to the times. It so happens that the current news is about the rise of several high profile individuals suffering from cancer. Hence, you were asked to come-up with a presentation on the different effects of electromagnetic exposure as this has been cited by a lot of individuals as the key carcinogenic factor. As a journalist you can:

- □ Write a script for the news show explaining the effects of electromagnetic exposure,
- Select a Web 2.0 application that will deliver the message to as many individuals as possible, or
- □ Create an advertisement that will be aired in the broadcast that will show the effects of electromagnetic exposure.

#### OPTION #2: DERMATOLOGIST

The Philippine Skin Cancer Foundation has been alarmed with rapid growth of skin cancer due to too much exposure to sunlight. Data of Philippine Skin Cancer have shown that people living in the remote barangay are more vulnerable of the disease due to lack of knowledge. As a dermatologist, you are invited by PSCF to reach out and give information drive in the form of multimedia presentation to a remote nearby barangay. (prepare materials or information kit)

- Make a multimedia presentation showing the harmful effects of sun rays.
- □ Create a billboard ad that relates sun rays and skin cancer.
- □ Conduct a symposium about skin cancer prevention.

#### OPTION #3: PHYSICIST

A rumor is spreading fast across the country that microwave oven use is linked to the development of intestinal cancer. As a renowned Physicist of the country, you are invited by media men to clarify the



matter. The public expects your point to be presented in any medium they are commonly exposed to. You may:

- write a column in a newspaper explaining in details whether the public needs to be scared or not.
- □ appear in a live interview in a morning TV show telling the people the facts of the matter. (Web 2.0)
- write a script for a scientific cartoon showing the details of the radiation for animation.

Your output will be evaluated according to content, organization, justification and impact.

CRITERIA	Outstanding	Satisfactory	Developing	Beginning	RATIN
	4	3	2	1	G
Content	Presents	Presents a	Presents	No scientific	
	comprehensiv	good number	insufficient	reasoning	
	e scientific	of scientific	and	was	
	reasoning	reasons with	inconsistent	presented.	
	with detailed	sufficient	scientific		
	elaboration of	elaboration	evidences in		
	the pros and	of pros and	some parts		
	cons.	cons.	with little		
			elaboration of		
			pros and cons		
Organizatio	Order of ideas	Order of	Order of ideas	Order of	
n	is apparent	ideas is	is confusing in	ideas is not	
	and has an	apparent.	some parts	present. No	
	interesting	Sufficient	Some details	supporting	
	progression.	details are	are not	details were	
		geared to the	specific to one	given	
		central idea.	central idea.		
	Evidences	Evidences	Few evidences	Almost no	
Justification	gathered	gathered	are presented	evidences	
	from the data	from the	and with very	are	
	and relevant	data and	few	presented	
	and updated	relevant	references to	and made	
	information	information	the data;	no	
	are presented	are	some	references	
	clearly and	presented	information is	to the data;	
	concisely	clearly and	not presented	many	
	making the	concisely	clearly making	important	

#### **DIFFERENTIATED GRASP RUBRIC**



ImpactEstablishesEstablishesTheDoes notandandandimportancerelate theandandcommunicateand relevanceselecteds in ans theto theissue at allengaging andimportancepersonal andto the youthpractical wayandcommunityor theirtherelevance oflevel are notcommunityimportancepersonal andestablishedand relevancepersonal andestablishedof the issuecommunityandon personallevels. Thecommunicateandimportanced.andimportanced.endcommunityandimportancecommunicateon personallevels. Thecommunityandimportancecommunicateandimportanceandcommunityandicommunicateandicommunityandicommunityandicommunityandicommunityandicommunityandicommunityandicear.ievelsrelevance areclear.icear.	
ImpactEstablishesEstablishesTheDoes notandandandimportancerelate theandcommunicatecommunicateand relevanceselecteds in ans theto theissue at allengaging andimportancepersonal andto the youthpractical wayandcommunityor theirtherelevance oflevel are notcommunity	
workmaking thethe workinformationreasonableworkunconvincingis presentedandreasonablein certainin acompelling.partsconfusinghighlyonvincingpresentedconvincingunconvincingpresentedgunconvincingg	

Before you submit your output, evaluate your output using the checklist in the next activity.



#### ACTIVITY NO. 32: IT IS GOOD!

Instruction: Evaluate your project's readiness by answering the checklist.

## **Project Evaluation**

Revision Checklist	Yes	No
1. Does your material have a clear and concise idea?		
2. Does your material convey a specific purpose? Have you to the made this purpose clear to the target audience?		
3. Is there a clear plan and sense of organization to your information material? Does each information develop logically from the previous one?		
4. Are there clear transitions from one information to the next?		
5. Are the given pieces of information based on scientific evidences? Are there sufficient information to make the material compelling and highly convincing?		
6. Do the pieces of information create interest in the topic and make your audience realize the relevance of the given information?		
7. Is your material practical and relevant to the community?		

Are you confident of your output to the performance task? If you are ready, submit your output to your online teacher.

#### **CLOSURE:** Self-Assessment

Write a reflection in your synthesis journal about your experiences in the entire lesson. You may choose to answer one, some, or all of these guide questions:

- ✓ What have you learned about the entire lesson? Is it challenging to see the world you live in?
- ✓ What would our life be if there are no electromagnetic waves?
- ✓ Do you have to be afraid of the different forms of electromagnetic radiations?
- What other task would you like to work on in the future that could be beneficial to living things and the environment with



*regard to the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum?* 

#### End of TRANSFER:

In this section, your task was to make a presentation on the different effects of electromagnetic exposure. You had been given three situations and nine options as your output.

How did you find the performance task? How did the task help you see the real world use of the topic?

You have completed this lesson. Before you go to the next lesson, you have to answer the following post-assessment



#### POST-ASSESSMENT

It's now time to evaluate your learning. Click on the letter of the answer that you think best answers the question. Your score will only appear after you answer all items. If you do well, you may move on to the next module. If your score is not at the expected level, you have to go back and take the module again.

1. The diagram below shows position of the antenna with respect to the direction of the electric field of a radio carrier wave.



Radio waves are part of the electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves are created by accelerating charges; moving charges back and forth will produce oscillating electric and magnetic fields, and this travel at the speed of light. Based from the diagram above, which of the following statements describe radio waves?

- A. Radio waves are longitudinal waves in which the displacement of the medium is in the same direction as, or the opposite direction to, the direction of travel of the wave.
- B. Radio waves are mechanical waves in which propagate through a material medium (solid, liquid, or gas) at a wave speed which depends on the elastic and inertial properties of that medium.
- C. Radio waves are transverse waves that are moving <u>wave</u>s that consist of oscillations occurring perpendicular (or right angled) to the direction of energy transfer.
- D. Radio waves are standing waves that are produced whenever two waves of identical frequency interfere with one another while traveling opposite directions along the same medium.





2. The diagram below shows an electromagnetic spectrum:

Which of the relationships will describe the wavelength, frequency and energy in the electromagnetic spectrum?

- A. Frequency is directly proportional to wavelength and inversely proportional to energy.
- B. Frequency is directly proportional to energy and inversely proportional to wavelength.
- C. Wavelength is directly proportional to frequency and energy.
- D. Wavelength is inversely proportional to frequency and energy.
- 3. Refer to the statement below:

The seven (7) electromagnetic waves are arranged according to increasing wavelength and named as **ABCDEFG** respectively.

Which description is true about electromagnetic wave A?

- A. It has the longest wavelength like radio wave.
- B. It has the shortest wavelength like radio wave.
- C. It has the longest wavelength like gamma wave.
- D. It has the shortest wavelength like gamma wave.



4. Refer to the table below.

Category	Uses
gamma rays	used to kill the bacteria in marsh- mallows
X-rays	used to image bone structures
ultraviolet light	bees can see into the ultraviolet because flowers stand out more clearly at this frequency
visible light	used by humans to observe the world
infrared	night vision, heat sensors, laser metal cutting
microwave	microwave ovens, radar
radio waves	radio, television broadcasts

Which of the following descriptions is true about the use of radio wave?

- A. Radio wave is important in TV broadcasting.
- B. Radio wave is important in sanitation.
- C. Radio wave is important in metal works.
- D. Radio wave is important in cooking.
- 5. Ultraviolet radiation is a part of the components of the electromagnetic spectrum. It has its good and bad effects to living things. Which one is a good effect?
  - A. High doses can cause temporary clouding of the cornea
  - B. UV light treatment helps repigmentation
  - C. UV light can have deleterious effects on melanin
  - D. A positive effect of too much UV exposure is the induced production of vitamin E in the skin
- 6. Refer to the illustration below.





Which of the following description/s is/are NOT TRUE about the Infrared radiation as shown in the illustration?

- I. Its energy is lower than the visible light you see.
- II. Its energy is greater than the radio wave.
- III. Its energy is the same with the gamma ray.
- IV. Its energy is almost close to the energy of the X-ray.
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and II
- D. III and IV
- 7. One of the favorite places people love to go is the beach. Either the reason is for family event, special occasions or simply for relaxation. Often times, we see a lot of beach lovers put on their sunblock creams before going on swimming. Which below BEST explains this? A. To prevent their skin from being irritated from the seawater
  - B. To make their skin look glowing and more healthy.
  - C. To prevent the ultraviolet radiation to reach the skin.
  - D. To have a cooling effect on the skin after swimming in the beach.
- 8. What does the picture below tell you about the application of microwave radiation?



- A. The microwave is used in wireless communication.
- B. The microwave is used in broadcasting.
- C. The microwave is used in medical treatments.
- D. The microwave is used in sanitation process.



9. Refer to the given table below:

Uses and Effects	of EM Waves
------------------	-------------

Region of the	Method of	Uses and Effects
spectrum	generation	
Low frequency	Oscillation in	This group carries weather and some
waves	electric	aviation broadcasting.
	circuits	
Broadcast	Oscillation in	These bands of radio frequencies have
radio	electric	been set aside for the regular AM
band	circuits	broadcast
		band.
High frequency	Oscillation in	In this region are many kinds of
radio waves	electric	broadcasting amateur radio, TV, FM radio.
	circuits	
Microwaves	Oscillation in	Used for cooking
	electric	Are also used for telecommunication, such
	circuits	as transmitting long distance telephone
		messages.
		Also useful in radar
		Can be harmful to humans because they
		have been known to damage/kill healthy
		cells.
		Can cause interference in pacemaker which
		could cause it to operate erratically
Infrared	Vibration of	Infrared photography which is commonly
	atoms within	employed in land use surveys.
	molecules	-Also known as radiant energy emitted by
		very hot bodies. hot bodies-heat lamps are
		used to warm tired, aching muscles and to
		heal wounds.
Visible light	Motion of	The portion our eyes are sensitive to.
	electrons in	
	atoms	
Ultraviolet	Motion of	Is used to determine false or counterfeit
	electrons in	documents.
	atoms	Are used to help keep operating rooms in
		hospitals sterile.
		Exposure to it stimulates the production of
		Vitamin D in the skin.
		Is responsible for sunburn. Overexposure
		can cause skin cancer



X-ray	Rapid reactions, deceleration of charged particles	Is used in medicine. Detects flaws in metals and plastics. Can kill healthy body cells.
Gamma rays	Nuclear reactions radioactive disintegration	

Based from the table below, which of the following statement is NOT true on the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, their properties, uses and effects?

- A. Infrared radiations are also known as radiant energy and are used to warm tired, aching muscles and to heal wounds.
- B. Visible Light is generated through vibration of molecules.
- C. Microwaves are generated through oscillation in electric circuit and are used in cooking.
- D. X-rays are low frequency waves that cause rapid reactions, deceleration of charged particles.
- 10. Mr. Alberto de La Cruz showed the electromagnetic radiation spectrum below to his physics class.





He asked Anna, Diana, Maida and Rowena to give a conclusion on the presence of electromagnetic radiations around us based from the given table. Which among the four students give a correct conclusion?

Anna: "Different forms of electromagnetic radiations have different frequencies and thus, have different uses and effects to living things and environment".

Diana: "Electromagnetic radiations are emitted by many natural and man-made sources and play an important part in our lives like we are warmed by the electromagnetic emissions of the sun and we see using the part of the electromagnetic spectrum that our eyes detect as visible light"

Maida: "Diagnostic X ray machine, television sets, computers, microwave oven, radar devices, laser devices, mobile phones, etc., generates radiations of different frequencies which exist in our environment".

Rowena:"Different forms of electromagnetic radiations have different sources and uses of frequency bands but have the same effects on living things and environment because they all travel at the speed of light in a vacuum".

- A. Anna and Maida
- B. Diana and Rowena
- C. Anna, Diana and Maida
- D. Anna, Diana, Maida and Rowena

11. Mr. Pedro Cruz, presented the electromagnetic spectrum diagram below:




He asked his students to give an example of the sources that are arranged in a way that will pose an increasing risk to humans when exposed to the different sources of electromagnetic radiations at the same time duration and distance. Jean raises her hand and gives an answer to Sir Pedro. Observe the class conversations below:

Jean: "mobile AM/FM — Wir Fi — sunlight radioactive source"

Sir Pedro: "Very Good. Can you explain to your classmates the reason for your answer?

- 47.Which of the following statements could be Jean's possible answer to Sir Pedro's follow-up question?
  - A. As energy decreases, frequency remains the same.
  - B. As energy increases, frequency remains constant.
  - C. As frequency increases so as the energy.
  - D. As frequency increases, energy decreases.



# 12.Refer to the given picture below:



The diagram above shows the types, effects and sources of the different regions of electromagnetic spectrum. Based from the diagram above, which of the following statements will be your considerations when exposed to the different forms of electromagnetic radiations?

- *I.* Short-term exposure to very high levels of electromagnetic fields can be harmful to health
- *II. Exposure to low level electromagnetic fields is harmful to human health.*
- *III.* The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are negligible because we cannot feel the electromagnetic radiations around us.
- *IV.* Exposure to non-ionizing radiation can be more harmful than exposure to ionizing radiation because there are too many non-ionizing radiations around us
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. IV only
- D. I, II, III and IV
- 13. There are three ways that electromagnetic radiation can cause harm within to living bodies. Each effect is particular to a certain range of frequencies. Our main exposure to dangerous electromagnetic radiation is from direct sunlight.

Study the table below:



Effect	Range	Effects	Disclaimer
Induced voltage gradients and/or electric currents	Low frequencies (0-3 KHz)	Magnetic fields might do weird things to our bodies.	Normal human technologies do not produce frequencies in this range, and, the Earth itself has a magnetic field.
<b>Thermal effects</b> Absorption causes heating	30 MHz - 300 GHz Microwaves	Absorption of energy causes heating, which if enough happens at once, can damage tissue.	Energy has to specifically and intentionally focused to have an effect.
<b>Ionizing effects</b> Molecules are damaged	Ultraviolet light, X-rays, gamma rays	Carcinogenic due to occasional DNA damage.	We are exposed to these from space and from the sun, but not from human technology.

Based from the table above, which of the following effects can be of greater worry when exposed to the different forms of electromagnetic radiation?

- A. Magnetic fields might do weird things to our bodies.
- B. Absorption of energy causes heating, which if enough happens at once, can damage tissue.
- C. Carcinogenic due to occasional DNA damage.
- D. Thermal Effect means that the absorption causes heating.
- 14. Some of the everyday human-generated sources of electromagnetic field (EMFs) to which we're exposed include the sources listed in the illustration below:





Based from the illustration, we cannot deny the fact that we are surrounded by electromagnetic radiations. Knowing that these radiations are part of our everyday undertaking, which of the following statements should NOT be a consideration when exposed to these different forms of electromagnetic radiations?

- A. Shorter wavelength electromagnetic radiations like microwaves also weaken with distance, but the distances can be tremendous.
- B. Electromagnetic Field exposure depends not just on strength of the field but also on proximity and duration of contact.
- C. The effects of Electromagnetic Radiations are the same to the different forms of electromagnetic waves because they all travel at the same speed.
- D. Ionizing radiation like gamma rays and X-rays, known with their short wavelengths for causing DNA mutations or cancer, is often thought of as the most harmful, because it can restructure molecules by knocking electrons off their nuclear orbits.
- 15. In your physics class, your teacher presented the diagram below so that you will be aware of the risks and hazards brought about by the presence of the different electromagnetic radiation around us.



sources. Remembe just on strength o and duration of o		
EMF in Milliga	USS Up to 4 Inches	At 3 feet
Blender	50 to 220	0.3 to 3
Clothes washer	8 to 200	0.1 to 4
Coffee maker	6 to 29	0.1
Computer	4 to 20	2 to 5
Fluorescent lamp	400 to 4,000	0.1 to 5
Hair dryer	60 to 20,000	0.1 to 6
Microwave oven	100 to 500	1.0 to 25
Television	5 to 100	0.1 to 6
Vacuum cleaner	230 to 1300	3 to 40
Airplane	50 mG avg. in a	747

If you are going to explain the diagram above to the people in the barangay, which of the following statements can be used so that the people will be aware of the risks and hazards brought about by the electromagnetic fields?

- I. Distance from the source is a consideration when exposed to different forms of electromagnetic waves because electromagnetic radiation is greatest close to the source and decreases with distance from the source.
- II. The strength of the electromagnetic field is a factor to consider when exposed to electromagnetic waves because the greater the strength of the electromagnetic field, the greater the energy involve.
- III. Electromagnetic Field is measured in milligauss which means that the higher the value of the electromagnetic field, the higher the risks when exposed to this type of electromagnetic wave.
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. I, II and III
- 16. You are working for a broadcasting network and the evening news program will air in 15 minutes. One of the segments of the show is a trivia on different topics that are relevant to the times. It so happens that the current news is about the rise of several high profile individuals suffering from cancer. Hence, you were asked to come-up with a presentation on the different effects of



electromagnetic exposure as this has been cited by a lot of individuals as the key carcinogenic factor.

As a journalist, you are tasked to create an advertisement that will be aired in the broadcast that will show the health effects of electromagnetic exposure specifically in cancer concerns. Which of the following statements can be a possible consideration when you will make the script for the advertisement?

- A. Exposure to cellphones can cause cancer because the electric and magnetic fields (EMF) present in cellphones are a form of non-ionizing radiation
- B. The presence of power lines that emit electric fields and magnetic fields cause cancer.
- C. Most subsequent studies have not shown that there is such an association between electromagnetic exposure and cancer, but scientists continue to investigate the possibility that one exists.
- D. Exposure of different electromagnetic radiations in homes can cause cancer because there are a lot of electromagnetic radiation sources in our homes.
- 17. The Philippine Skin Cancer Foundation has been alarmed with rapid growth of skin cancer. Data of Philippine Skin Cancer have shown that people living in the remote barangay are more vulnerable of the disease due to lack of knowledge. As a dermatologist, you are invited by PSCF to reach out and give information drive on skin cancer prevention.

As a dermatologist, you are tasked to make a multimedia presentation showing the harmful effects of sun rays. Which of the following statements below CANNOT be used in your multimedia presentation?

- A. Ultraviolet Radiation levels are constant over the course of a day or even over the course of a year because ultraviolet rays are traveling at constant speed.
- B. The amount of UV exposure a person gets depends on the strength of the rays, the length of time the skin is exposed, and whether the skin is protected with clothing or sunscreen.
- C. Ultraviolet A (UVA) is the longer wave UV ray that causes lasting skin damage, skin aging, and can cause skin cancer.
- D. Ultraviolet B (UVB) is the shorter wave UV ray that causes sunburns, skin damage, and can cause skin cancer.



18. A rumor is spreading fast across the country that microwave oven use is linked to the development of intestinal cancer. As a renowned Physicist of the country, you are invited by media men to clarify the matter. The public expects your point to be presented in any medium they are commonly exposed to.

As a physicist, you are requested to write a script for a scientific cartoon showing the details of the radiation for animation. What important aspect on microwave should be part of your script?

- A. Metals get dangerously hot in microwaves.
- B. Food prepared from microwave oven can be a possible health hazard because microwave ovens make foods radioactive because nutrients are lost when heating foods
- C. Microwave ovens meeting the standards are not hazardous to health.
- D. Microwaves leak unsafe levels of electromagnetic radiation
- 19. You want to investigate the advantages and disadvantages of the varying effects of infrared radiations around us. You believe that the presence of infrared radiations around us is important, thus, there is a need for the people to know more about infrared radiations. You make a multimedia presentation wherein you have this illustration in your first slide.





Which of the following uses and effects of infrared radiations below is NOT part of your presentation?

- A. One of the environmental effects of infrared radiations is the greenhouse effect which is caused by gases such as water vapor in the atmosphere absorbing infrared radiation.
- B. The dangers of infrared radiations are taken seriously because we are exposed to many infrared sources with high energy.
- C. Prolonged exposure to high level of infrared radiations will result in burns and overheating.
- D. Some pieces of Infrared technology are used for research and development work such as the infrared telescope.
- 20. You are studying the diagram on the effects of radiations below:

# Effects of radiation exposure



If you are going to conduct an information drive on the effects of radiations exposure, which of the following statements will be your consideration?

A. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are dependent on the level, type and duration of exposure to the source.



- B. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are negligible because we cannot feel the electromagnetic radiations around us.
- C. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are only applicable to visible light because this is the only form of electromagnetic radiation that we can see.
- D. The effects of electromagnetic radiations exposure are the same to all forms of electromagnetic waves because they travel at the same speed.



# **GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN THIS LESSON:**

**Electromagnetic Wave**- is produced by the acceleration of an electric charge and propagated by the periodic variation of intensities of, usually, perpendicular electric and magnetic fields

# Electromagnetic Spectrum -

the entire spectrum, considered as a continuum, of all kinds of electric, magnetic, and visible radiation, from gamma rays having a wavelength of 0.001 angstrom to long waves having a wavelength of more than 1 million km

# **Electromagnetic Radiation-**

consisting of electromagnetic waves, including radio waves, infrared, visible light, ultraviolet, x-rays, and gamma rays

Frequency-the number of periods or

the number of cycles or completed alternations per unit time of a wave or oscillation

**Wavelength-** the distance, measured in the direction of propagation o f a

wave, between two successive points in the <u>wave</u> that arecharacterize d by the same phase of oscillation

## Radio wave-

an electromagnetic wave having a wavelength between 1 millimeteran d 30,000 meters, or a frequency between 10 kilohertz and 300,000me gahertz

## Microwave-an electromagnetic

wave of extremely high frequency, 1 GH

## Infrared-

the part of the invisible spectrum that is contiguous to the red end of the visible spectrum and that comprises electromagnetic radiation of wavelengths from 800 nm to 1 mm

## Visible light- electromagnetic

radiation to which the organs of sight react, ranging in wavelength from about 400 to 700 nm and propagated at a speed of 186,282mi./ sec (299,972 km/sec), considered variously as a wave,corpuscular, or quantum phenomenon



**X-ray-** a form of electromagnetic radiation, similar to light but of shorter wavelength and capable of penetrating solids and of ionizing gases

# Gamma Rays-

a photon of penetrating electromagnetic radiation (gamma radiation) emitted from an atomic nucleus

# **REFERENCES AND WEBSITE LINKS USED IN THIS LESSON:**

http://www.nytimes.com/2014/07/08/science/debate-continues-onhazards-of-electromagnetic-waves.html

News article on The New York times that covered the topic on the Hazards of Electromagnetic Fields in Science Times 25 years that ago to see what has changed — and what has not.

## https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xZ6XUk7QLbU

Video about the electromagnetic waves and how these waves behave. This video will also give ideas about how the waves function

# http://www.physicsclassroom.com/class/light/Lesson-2/The-Electromagnetic-and-Visible-Spectra

Webpage on the physics classroom that discusses the electromagnetic waves and visible spectra. This will give you an overview on how the electromagnetic waves behave in space.

http://www.phy.ntnu.edu.tw/ntnujava/index.php?topic=35.msg215# msg215

Web simulation on electromagnetic wave so that you will have visual representation on how electromagnetic waves are produced.

## https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A0un-\_jBPPU

Electromagnetic spectrum song that will help you identify the different parts of the electromagnetic spectrum. The song will also give the different sources on the different forms of electromagnetic waves.

http://www.cyberphysics.co.uk/topics/light/emspect.htm

Article on the electromagnetic spectrum where you will know the characteristics, sources, uses and danger of the different forms of electromagnetic waves.

http://imagine.gsfc.nasa.gov/science/toolbox/emspectrum1.html



Webpage on NASA-Astronomer toolbox where the different components and examples of electromagnetic spectrum are discussed.

http://www.pbslearningmedia.org/resource/phy03.sci.phys.mfw.spectr um/tour-the-electromagnetic-spectrum/

Interactive activity from the NOVA Web site. The activity provides a self-guided tour of the electromagnetic spectrum, including examples of some of the most common uses of different types of waves:

http://earthguide.ucsd.edu/eoc/special topics/teach/sp climate chan ge/p emspectrum interactive.html

Simulation of electromagnetic spectrum interactive to investigate the relationship among frequency, wavelength and energy of the different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/gcsebitesize/science/21c\_pre\_2011/radi ation/electromagneticradiationact.shtml

Websites on hands-on experience about electromagnetic radiation

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HPcAWNIVI-8

Video on NASA-tour of the electromagnetic spectrum on you tube about what electromagnetic spectrum is all about.

http://www.proprofs.com/quiz-

<u>school/story.php?title=electromagnetic-spectrum-quiz</u>

Electromagnetic Spectrum Quiz to check your understanding on the different forms of electromagnetic waves

http://glencoe.mheducation.com/sites/0078617766/student\_view0/ch apter3/section2/self-check\_quiz-eng\_.html

Glencoe Online Quiz on Electromagnetic Spectrum to enrich your understanding of the different parts of electromagnetic spectrum.

http://www.learner.org/teacherslab/science/light/

Different activities to get to know more about light and its properties together with the many applications it has.

http://www.webmd.com/beauty/sun/sun-exposure-skin-cancer Webpage Cosmetic Procedures: Sun Exposure and Skin Cancer. This will give you an idea on the causes of skin cancer.

http://www.who.int/uv/sun\_protection/en/



Webpage on Ultraviolet radiation and the INTERSUN Programme. This will give you an idea on the effects of ultraviolet radiation to living things and environment.

# http://www.curriculumbits.com/prodimages/details/physics/rainbow.ht ml

These are interactive websites for the different electromagnetic radiation where students get the details of these types of radiation through the activities given

# http://blabberize.com/

Web 2.0 application where you are tasked to create a one page drawing of a rainbow showing its effects and importance on living things and environment

## https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cfXzwh3KadE.

Video talks about the uses or application of the different electromagnetic spectrum. It will help you more appreciate the different radiations through their application.

http://www.ideacellular.com/wps/wcm/connect/709ff7e8-0c41-43ec-8182-42aa43ebbc91/mobile+communicationradio+waves+and+safety+10th+sept+12+final.pdf?mod=ajperes Webpage Reading on radio waves and safety

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=al7sFP4C2TY Video from you tube on radio waves on telecommunications

https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulation/radio-waves Simulation Activity on radio waves and electromagnetic fields

http://voki.com/

Web 2.0 application where you are tasked to make a one-minute presentation using an Avatar on how safe are the radio waves.

http://www.ocregister.com/articles/school-288730-studentsprogram.html Webpage about GPRS and how this was used by a school as part of their school system.

http://www.epa.gov/radiation/understand/ionize nonionize.html Webpage on the discussion between non-ionizing radiation and ionizing radiation



http://www.radiationanswers.org/radiation-introduction.html

Webpage on the answers to questions on Radiation and You. The webpage will let you have a closer look on the different forms of electromagnetic radiations around us.

# http://www.who.int/peh-emf/about/WhatisEMF/en/

Webpage that contain the World Health Organization discussion on , properties, uses and effects of Electromagnetic fields

http://ec.europa.eu/health/archive/ph\_determinants/environment/emf /brochure\_en.pdf

Webpage on community research by European commission on Health and Electromagnetic Fields

<u>http://www.saferemr.com/</u> News articles on Electromagnetic Radiation Safety

<u>http://agni.phys.iit.edu/~vpa/medical%20applications.htm</u> Webpage on medical application of different forms of electromagnetic radiation

http://www.scientificamerican.com/article/how-radiation-threatenshealth/

Article on How Radiation Threatens Health

http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/factsheet/Risk/cellphones Webpage on Cellphones and Cancer Risk

http://www.webmd.com/beauty/sun/sun-exposure-skin-cancer Webpage on the Effects of Sun Exposure to Skin

https://www.blogger.com/

Web 2.0 applications where you are tasked to make a blog on how safe are the electromagnetic waves

## www.edjudo.com

Website that contains some Web 2.0 applications. You are tasked to select on what you think is the best Web 2.0 applications that will allow you to show the effects of radio waves.