



STREAMLINING THE K12
CURRICULUM:

An Approach to Determining which K12 Standards and Competencies to Teach

PEAC WEBINAR (TLE-ICT) JUNE 11, 2020



# bjectives:

- Discuss the rationale and parts of the DepEd MELCS Curriculum Guide for SY 2020-2021
- Explain the process of streamlining K12 standards and competencies
- Relate the importance of alignment in streamlining with PEAC Recertification
- Apply the process to selected units of study in a subject area for curriculum mapping, identification of instructional materials and preparation of the unit calendar



# IMPORTANT DATES

# Release of Final Report for Schools Visited SY 2019-2020

Starts April 20, 2020

Final reports will be released by batch beginning with schools visited August 2019. Communication will be sent to schools once reports are available in their respective EIS accounts.

#### **ESC Schools Due for Recertification**

deadline of submission of requirements

Part 1: September 1, 2020

**Part 2: September 30, 2020** 

Schedule of E-Recertification
November 2020-March 2021

Certification for SY 2020-2021 is suspended.

Go to https://peac.org.ph/certification/ for more details.

For inquiries, please contact the Certification Unit at certification@peac.org.ph or 0917.501.3669.



DEPED LEARNING CONTINUITY PLAN



PEAC E-RECERTIFICATION



**SCHOOL CURRICULUM SY 2020-2021** 

# **SAMPLE DIARY CURRICULUM MAP**

SUBJECT:

GRADE LEVEL:

TEACHERS:

STRANDS:

TERM (NO.): MONTH	UNIT TOPIC: CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS (CS)	PERFORMANCE STANDARD (PS)	COMPETENCIES/ SKILLS	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
(Q1) JUNE								

## SAMPLE DIARY CURRICULUM MAP

SUBJECT:

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TEACHERS:

STRANDS:

TERM (NO.): MONTH	UNIT TOPIC: CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS (CS)	PERFORMANCE STANDARD (PS)	COMPETENCIES/ SKILLS	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
(Q1)								

# HOW CAN ESC SCHOOLS PREPARE A CURRICULUM MAP THAT COVERS THE K12 STANDARDS AND COMPETENCIES IN THE "NEW NORMAL" AND MEETS RECERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS?



"...releasing the MELCs does not downplay the standards set by the K to 12 curriculum guides. Rather, these serve as guide to teachers as they address the instructional needs of learners while ensuring that curriculum standards are maintained and achieved."



"Tandaan na ang layunin sa pagbuo ng MELCs ay hindi upang palitan ang kasakuluyang curriculum guide kundi upang magabayan ang mga guro sa pagtukoy ng mga kompetensing mas kinakailangan ng mga mag-aaral sa Taong Panuruang 2020-2021. Sa huli, hinihikayat pa rin ang mga guro na sumangguni sa curriculum guide ng Filipino kung sa tingin nilang hindi sapat ang mga kompetensing tinukoy sa MELCs. ."

FILIPINO BRIEFER, p. 33

#### PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

Standards of Compliance						
1. A curriculum map in each subject area that:						
- is aligned with the philosophy, vision, mission, goals and objectives*	4	3	2	1	0	
- is aligned with the Kto12 curriculum guides, standards and competencies*	4	3	2	1	0	
- shows unpacked Kto12 standards and competencies in different ways in all subjects*	4	3	2	1	0	
- shows horizontal alignment between standards, competencies, assessment, instruction and resources in all the learning units*	4	3	2	1	0	
- articulates vertical learning progressions across the different grade levels*	4	3	2	1	0	
2. The implementation and continuous improvement of the curriculum maps by:						
- checking that the standards and competencies, activities and assessments and resources and integration of the PVMGO in the curriculum maps are reflected in the unit learning plans	4	3	2	1	0	
- conducting a periodic review, revision and updating of the curriculum maps	4	3	2	1	0	

### SAMPLE DIARY CURRICULUM MAP

SUBJECT:

GRADE LEVEL

TEACHERS:

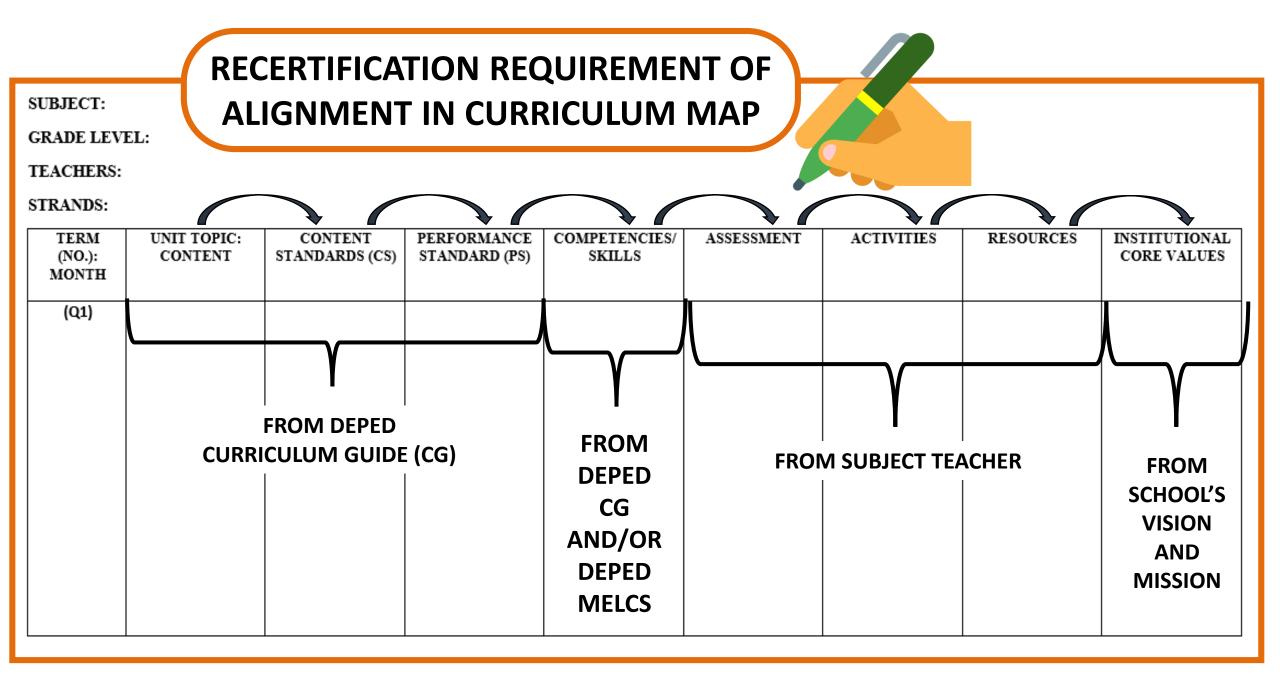
STRANDS:



TERM (NO.): MONTH	UNIT TOPIC: CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS (CS)	PERFORMANCE STANDARD (PS)	COMPETENCIES/ SKILLS	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
(Q1)								

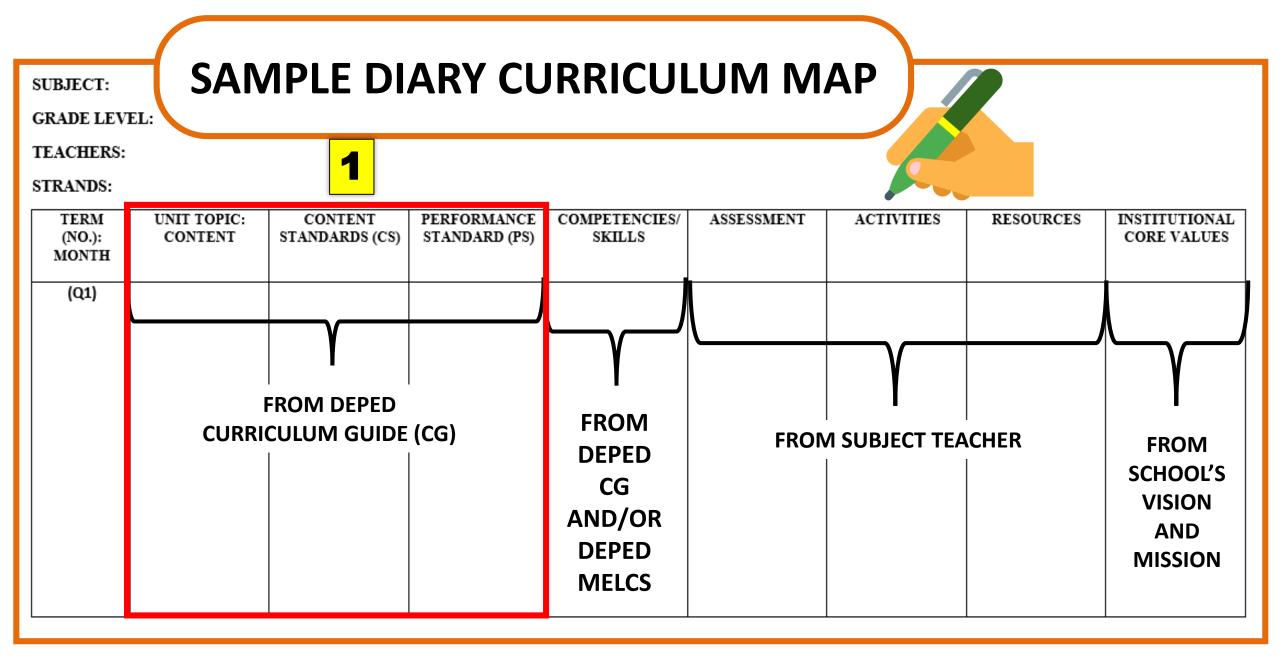
HOW CAN ESC SCHOOLS PREPARE A CURRICULUM MAP THAT COVERS THE K12 STANDARDS AND COMPETENCIES IN THE "NEW NORMAL" AND MEETS RECERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS?

PREPARE BY USING DEPED CURRICULUM GUIDE AND/OR DEPED MELCS AND PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT



#### PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

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1				168
Quarter	Content Standards	Performance Standards	Most Essential Learning competencies	Duration
	The leaves	The leaves	The leaves	
	The learner	The learner	The learner	
	geometry of shapes	accurately authentic	derives relationships of geometric figures using measurements and by inductive	Week 2
	and sizes, and	problems involving sides	reasoning; supplementary angles, complementary angles, congruent angles,	
	geometric	and angles of a polygon	vertical angles, adjacent angles, linear pairs, perpendicular lines, and parallel lines.	
	relationships.		derives relationships among angles formed by parallel lines cut by a transversal	Week 3
			using measurement and by inductive reasoning.	
			uses a compass and straightedge to bisect line segments and angles and construct	Week 4
			perpendiculars and parallels.	
			illustrates polygons: (a) convexity; (b) angles; and (c) sides.	Week 5
			derives inductively the relationship of exterior and interior angles of a convex	Week 6
			polygon.	
			illustrates a circle and the terms related to it: radius, diameter chord, center, arc,	Week 7
			chord, central angle, and inscribed angle.	
			constructs triangles, squares, rectangles, regular pentagons, and regular hexagons.	Week 8
			solves problems involving sides and angles of a polygon.	Week 9
Q4	demonstrates	is able to collect and	poses real-life problems that can be solved by Statistics.	Week 1
	understanding of key	organize data	formulates simple statistical instruments.	1
	concepts, uses and	systematically and	gathers statistical data.	Week 2
	importance of	compute accurately	organizes data in a frequency distribution table.	Week 3
	Statistics, data	measures of central	uses appropriate graphs to represent organized data; pie chart, bar graph, line	Week 4 to 5
	collection/gathering	tendency and variability	graph, histogram, and ogive.	
	and the different	and apply these	illustrates the measures of central tendency (mean, median, and mode) of a	Week 6
	forms of data	appropriately in data	statistical data.	
	representation,	analysis and	calculates the measures of central tendency of ungrouped and grouped data.	1
	measures of central	interpretation in	illustrates the measures of variability (range, average deviation, variance, standard	Week 7
	tendency, measures	different fields.	deviation) of a statistical data.	TT CERT
	of variability, and		calculates the measures of variability of g	
		I	concenses the measures of following on	

probability

The K to 12 Basic Education Curriculum is standards-based. The content standards cover a specified scope of sequential topics, identify and set the essential knowledge and understanding that must be learned. The performance standards describe the abilities and skills that the learners are expected to demonstrate in relation to the content standards.

MELCS: SCIENCE BRIEFER, p. 42

<b>(1)</b>				16
Quarter	Content Standards	Performance Standards	Most Essential Learning competencies	Duration
	The learner	The learner	The learner	
	geometry of shapes and sizes, and geometric	accurately authentic problems involving sides and angles of a polygon	derives relationships of geometric figures using measurements and by inductive reasoning; supplementary angles, complementary angles, congruent angles, vertical angles, adjacent angles, linear pairs, perpendicular lines, and parallel lines.	
	relationships.		derives relationships among angles formed by parallel lines cut by a transversal using measurement and by inductive reasoning.	Week 3
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			illustrates a circle and the terms related to it: radius, diameter chord, center, arc, chord, central angle, and inscribed angle.	Week 7
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	concepts, uses and	systematically and	gathers statistical data.	Week 2
	importance of Statistics, data collection/gathering	compute accurately measures of central tendency and variability	organizes data in a frequency distribution uses appropriate graphs to represent or graph, bit organized and only a graph bit or	t an

illustrates the measures of central tend

calculates the measures of central ten

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uses appropriate statistical measures draws conclusions from graphic and to

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and apply these

interpretation in

different fields.

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forms of data

probability.

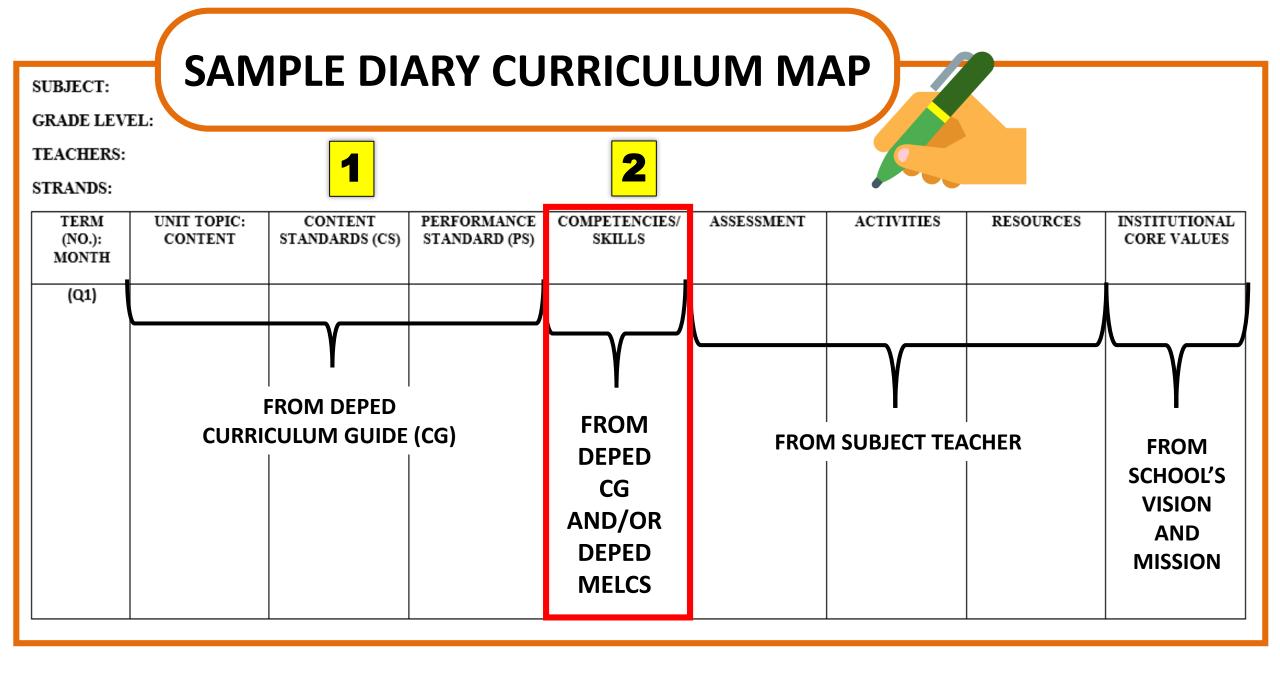
representation

measures of central

tendency, measures

of variability, and

"The content and performance standards are directly lifted from the curriculum guides. Its inclusion is to emphasize that the <u>identification of MELCs is</u> anchored on the prescribed standards and not a departure from the standards-based basic education curriculum. Thus, teachers are encouraged to refer to the 2016 Curriculum Guides in unpacking the MELCs."



Quarter	Content Standards	Performance Standards	Most Essential Learning competencies	Duration
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	of variability, and		calculates the measures of variability of grouped and un	
	probability.	I	uses appropriate statistical measures in analyzing and in	

ALIGNMENT OF STANDARDS-COMPETENCIES-ACTIVITIES

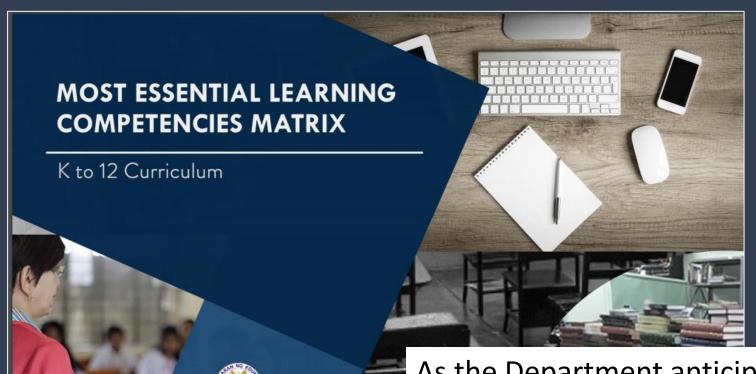
These standards are further represented as learning competencies which are the knowledge, skills and attitudes that students need to demonstrate in every lesson or learning activity.

MELCS: SCIENCE BRIEFER, p. 42

#### Characteristics of an Essential Learning Competency

Learning	
competency	is
ESSENTIAL if	

- 1. it is aligned with national, state, and/or local standards/ frameworks (eg: 'scientifically literate Filipinos').
- 2. it connects the content to higher concepts across content areas.
- 3. it is applicable to real-life situations.
- If students left school after this grade, it would be important for them to have this competence above many others.
- it wouldn't be expected that most students would learn this through their parents/communities if not taught at school.



Department of Education

As the Department anticipates the challenges in employing various schemes in the delivery of the learning standards due to COVID19, the number of the identified essential learning competencies per quarter were further reduced, thus, the term **most essential** learning competencies (MELCs).



Briefer 9-10
Kindergarten 11-21

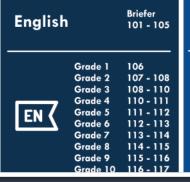
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In determining the most essential learning competencies, the Department collaborated with stakeholders from the Assessment Curriculum and Technology Research Centre (ACTRC), during which the descriptor – ENDURANCE – was considered the primary determining factor. A learning competency is considered enduring if it remains with learners long after a test or unit of study is completed or if it is useful beyond a single test or unit of study. Examples of such learning competencies include research skills, reading comprehension, writing, map reading, and hypothesis testing, which are essential in many professions and in everyday life (Reeves, 2002; Many & Horrell, 2014).

# Texas Elementary Principals & Supervisors Association EVS

Serving Texas PreK-8 School Leaders January/February 2014 Vol. 71, No. 1 www.tepsa.org

#### Best Practices/Tom W. Many, Ed.D. and Ted Horrell

#### Prioritizing the Standards Using R.E.A.L. Criteria

"In the absence of an agreed-upon set of criteria for prioritizing the standards, educators will, out of necessity, make up their own."

-Larry Ainsworth

sential Knowledge and Skills into readiness and supporting standards, or in the 46 states that adopted the Common Core, teachers routinely ask themselves the same questions: Are some standards more important than others? Which standards will students need in the next class, course or grade level? Will all the standards be tested?

During a recent team meeting teachers were given a sample unit plan and asked to 'identify what was important for students to learn' before an upcoming assessment. Teachers embraced the task but as they worked to identify the requisite standards for the upcoming unit, it became obvious that each individual was using their own unique criteria to prioritize what was essential for students to learn. The result was several different and competing sets of standards based on the contrasting views of individual teachers. Agreement on the unit's essential outcomes remained an elusive goal.

Larry Ainsworth argues that this experience is not unique to

educators naturally pick and choose those they know best, like best, the ones for which they have materials and lesson plans or activities, and those most likely to appear on state tests." Reaching consensus on a unit's essential outcomes is important but many teachers wonder where to begin the task of prioritizing an overwhelming number of standards.

#### Using the R.E.A.L. Criteria to Prioritize the Standards

In response to this dilemma, Ted Horrell and his colleagues in Shelby County, Tennessee have translated criteria first developed by Reeves and Ainsworth into an easy to remember acronym. Using the R.E.A.L. criteria (Readiness, Endurance, Assessed, and Leverage), teachers collaborate around whether a particular standard should be considered a priority. An example for each of the four categories is listed below.

Readiness: The 'R' stands for Readiness. This standard provides students with essential knowledge and skills necessary for success in the next class, course or grade level. Here is an

https://absenterprisedotcom.files.wordpress.com/2016/06/real-standards.pdf

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Larry Ainsworth argues that this experience is not unique to a single district, school or team. He suggests that, "left to their own professional opinions when faced with the task of nar-



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**Readiness**: The 'R' stands for Readiness. This standard provides students with essential knowledge and skills necessary for success in the next class, course or grade level. Here is an example of a Readiness standard.

Algebra I Standard: Manipulate formulas and solve literal equations.

Student proficiency in this standard is necessary for success in subsequent math classes including Geometry and Algebra II. Students who cannot demonstrate these skills would not be ready to advance to the next level of instruction.

**Endurance**: The 'E' represents Endurance. This standard provides students with knowledge and skills that are useful beyond a single test or unit of study. Here is an example of an Endurance standard.

https://absenterprisedotcom.files.wordpress.com/2016/06/real-standards.pdf

English 9-10 Standard: Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

This standard, in particular the skill of providing an objective summary of written passages, will be required for future high school and college courses. It is also likely to be an essential skill in many professions and in everyday life. he standard has a high degree of endurance.

**Assessed**: The 'A' represents Assessed. This standard will be assessed on upcoming state and national exams. Here is an example of a standard reflecting the Assessed criteria.

Algebra I Standard: Order and classify rational numbers.

Although ordering numbers is a vital part of the math curriculum that most students master at an early age, classifying rational numbers is a skill that is not an essential building block for understanding future concepts, nor does it have much practical application outside of the math curriculum. However, there are questions on the ACT and PSAT that require students to use this specific skill—a fact that would have to be considered when prioritizing this standard.

**Leverage**: The 'L' corresponds to Leverage. This standard will provide students with the knowledge and skills that will be of value in multiple disciplines. Here is an example of a standard reflecting the Leverage criteria.

Physical Science Standard: Choose, construct, and analyze appropriate graphical representations for a data set.

Though it is part of the physical science curriculum, this standard has significant leverage. Students will be expected

which promotes development of better assessments and helps identify which students will need more time and support. This kind of knowledge fosters more efficient planning and more efficient sharing of resources.

Prioritizing the standards also encourages teachers to embrace more effective instructional practices by reducing the pressure to simply cover the material. According to Ainsworth, "the consensus among educators nationwide is that in-depth instruction of 'essential' concepts and skills is more effective than superficially 'covering' every concept in the textbook."

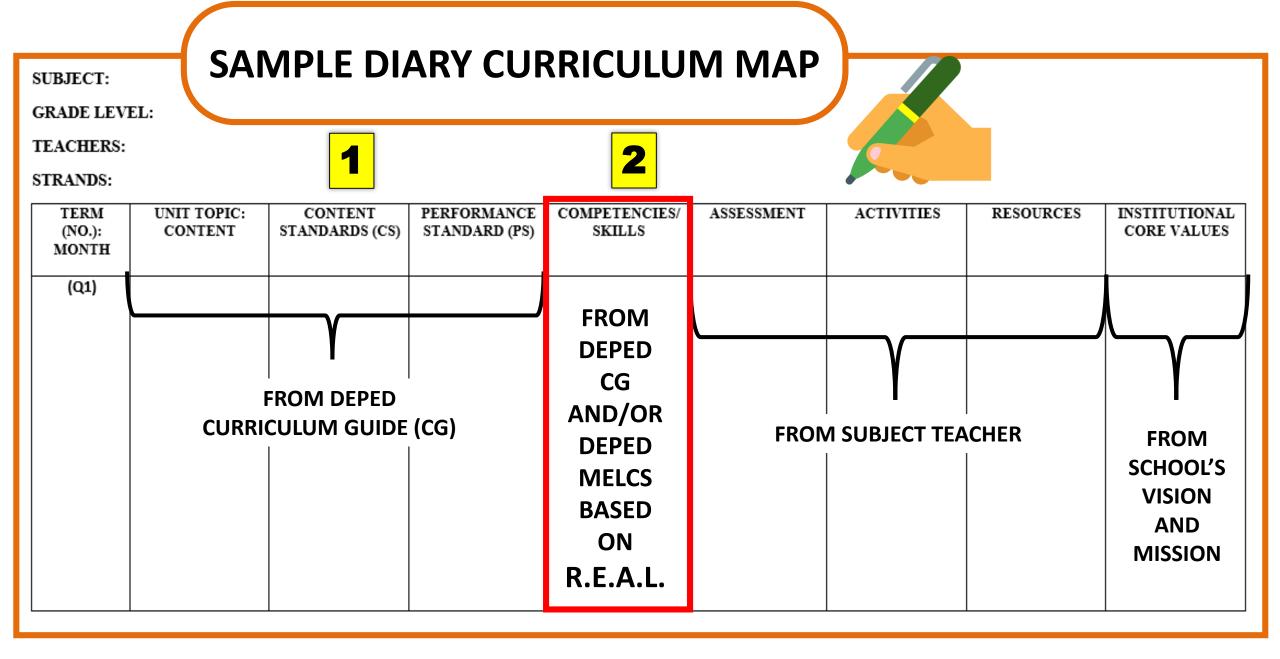
Perhaps the biggest argument in favor of prioritizing standards is the positive effect the process has on sharpening the pedagogy and deepening the content knowledge of teachers. Teams who prioritize the standards recognize that in many ways, the process is as important as the product. Carefully analyzing the standards, debating the merits of individual standards, and coming to consensus on the most essential standards helps everyone gain a more thorough understanding of what teachers should teach and student should learn.

#### If Everything is Important, Then Nothing is Important

To paraphrase the famous quote, "if everything is a priority, then nothing is a priority." The question is not whether teachers will prioritize the standards but how will teachers prioritize the standards. Will teachers use a unique set of criteria formed by individuals working in isolation or will they prioritize the standards based upon a common and agreed upon set of criteria developed collaboratively while working as a team?

The answer is to embrace our collective responsibility, decide together what is most important for students to know and be able to do, and prioritize our teaching around the most important things. Insisting teams collaboratively prioritize the standards using R.E.A.L. criteria provides an important leverage point for principals.

https://absenterprisedotcom.files.wordpress.com/2016/06/real-standards.pdf







Kindergarten 11-21

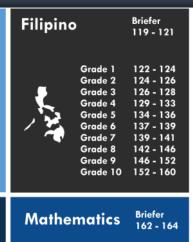
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# TRANSFER OF LEARNING TO REAL LIFE



In determining the most essential learning competencies, the Department collaborated with stakeholders from the Assessment Curriculum and Technology, Research Centre (ACTRC), during which the descriptor — ENDURANCE — was considered the primary determining factor. A learning competency is considered enduring if it remains with learners long after a test or unit of study is completed or if it is useful beyond a single test or unit of study. Examples of such learning competencies include research skills, reading comprehension, writing, map reading, and hypothesis testing, which are essential in many professions and in everyday life (Reeves, 2002; Many & Horrell, 2014).

### **Certification Assessment Instrument**

#### IN THE LEARNING PLAN, WE WILL SEE...

- 3. Learning plans in each subject area that show:
  - use of and alignment with curriculum standards\*
  - a systematic and progressive development of students' skills resulting in understanding and culminating in transfer of learning\*
  - use of varied research-based and learner-centered strategies in the classroom for active and engaged student learning\*
  - incorporation of the philosophy, vision-mission, teaching of the 21st century skills, the use of real world situations, inter-subject integration and use of technology\*
  - provisions of different activities that are sensitive to and address the learners' varied interests and learning styles
  - selection and use of appropriate instructional resources that are aligned with the curriculum maps, standards and competencies

Standards stated at start of plan.

Procedures related to A, M, and T. Plan ends with Performance Task.

Activities and strategies done in procedures describe student actions more than teacher actions. Less teacher talk, more student interaction.

- Values integration with Vision-Mission
- Activities and questions related to 7Cs
- Activities and questions related to social issues and community events
- Activities and questions connecting to other subjects
- Use of multimedia and other apps to present lesson or produce student output

Activities that are differentiated or show use of multiple intelligences; choice in roles or products in performance task

Activities that are differentiated or show use of multiple intelligences; student choice in roles or products in performance task



Since Transfer of Learning to Real Life is emphasized in MELCS, how do we ensure its achievement in the curriculum design?

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# ENSURE ENDURANCE OR TRANSFER OF LEARNING BY DOING ANY OF THE FF. WITH MELCS:

- 1. Unpack into sub-competencies/tasks
- 2. Repeat in another unit or grade level
- 3. Follow-up in higher grade levels
- 4. Cluster with other competencies
- 5. Merge with other competencies and rephrase
- 6. Focus on skill rather than on content
- 7. Align with unit performance standard





The identified MELCs preserve the main objective of Edukasyong Pantahanan at Pangkabuhayan (EPP) which is to enable the learners acquire technical knowledge, skills and values in the four components mentioned above while Technology and Livelihood Education (TLE) is to make the learners technologically proficient that may lead them to pursue a career or livelihood training.

The identified MELCs in EPP/TLE are intended only for School Year 2020-2021 to accommodate the necessary adjustment due to the shortened academic year.

The curriculum was not revised and the identified MELCs are LIFTED from the existing CGs

GUIDING OUR TEACHERS: A Briefer on Using the EPP/TLE MELCs, p45

### 6. FOCUS ON SKILL RATHER THAN CONTENT (EPP/TLE)

2. Combining the learning competencies to	LO 1. Select and e farm tools	LO 1. Select and sefarm tools and equipment*
simplify the teaching days without omitting the	1.1 Identify far ools according to use	1.1 Identify farm took and equipment according
value of the skill or concept	1.2 Check farm tools for faults	touse
	1.3 Use appropriate tools for the job requirement	1.2 Conduct pre-operation check-up in line with
	according to manufacturer's specifications and	the
	instructions	manufacturer's manual
	LO 2. Select farm equipment	

2.1. Identify appropriate farm equipment
2.2. Follow the guidelines in the instructional manual of farm equipment
2.3. Conduct pre-operation check-up in line with the manufacturer's manual
2.4. Identify faults in farm equipment and facilities
2.5. Use farm equipment according to their function

1.3 Use appropriate tools and equipment for the job requirement according to manufacturer's specifications and instructions

#### 7. ALIGN WITH UNIT PERFORMANCE STANDARD

**GRADE LEVEL: 7/8** 

SUBJECT: TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION

COMPONENT: Information and Communication Technology (Computer Systems Servicing) (40 hours)

QUARTER	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	OST ESSENTIAL LEARNING COMPETENCIES	DURATION	K-12 CG Code
LESSON 1: USIN	I NG AND MAINTAINING HAN	D TOOLS (UHT)	COMM EVENTORES		
0	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the use of hand tools and equipment for computer systems servicing	The learners shall be able to use hand tools and equipment for computer systems servicing	LO 1. Phand prepare for tasks to be undertaken  1. Identify asks to be undertaken properly  1. Identify and select appropriate hand ols according to the task requirements  LO 2. Prepare hand tools  2.1 Check appropriate hand tools for proper operation and safety  2.2 Identify and mark unsafe or faulty tools for repair according to standard company procedure  LO 3. Use appropriate hand tools and test	1 Week	TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIa-17  TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIb-18  TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIc-19
			equipment 3.1 Use tools according to tasks undertaken.		
			<ol> <li>3.2 Observe all safety procedures in using tools at all times and use appropriate</li> </ol>		

#### 7. ALIGN WITH UNIT PERFORMANCE STANDARD

**GRADE LEVEL: 7/8** 

SUBJECT: TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION

COMPONENT: Information and Communication Technology (Computer Systems Servicing) (40 hours)

QUARTER	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	10ST ESSENTIAL LEARNING	DURATION	K-12 CG Code
			COMPETENCIES		
LESSON 1: USII	NG AND MAINTAINING HAN	D TOOLS (UHT)			
	The learners	The learners shall be able to use	LO 1. Paraprepare for tasks to be		
	demonstrate an	hand tools and equipment for	undertaken		TLE_IACSS9-
	understanding of the use	computer systems servicing	1.1 Identify tasks to be undertaken		12UHT-IIIa-17
	of hand tools and		properly		
	equipment for computer		1.2 Identify and elect appropriate hand		
	systems servicing		ols according to the task		
			requirements		
			LO 2. Prepare hand tools		TLE_IACSS9-
			2.1 Check appropriate hand tools for		12UHT-IIIb-18
O			proper op ation and safety		
			2.2 Identify and mark unsafe or faulty		
			tools for repair according to standard	1 Week	
			company procedure		
					TLE_IACSS9-
			LO 3. Use appropriate hand tools and test		12UHT-IIIc-19
			equipment		
			3.1 Use tools according to tasks		
			undertaken.		
			3.2 Observe all safety procedures in using		
			tools at all times and use appropriate		

WILL THIS ALIGNMENT LEAD TO ENDURANCE OR TRANSFER?

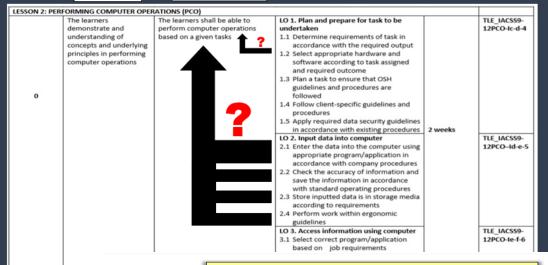
CONTENT STANDARD

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD

gri					
LESSON 2: PER	FORMING COMPUTER OPER	RATIONS (PCO)			1
O	The learners demonstrate and understanding of concepts and underlying principles in performing computer operations  ALIGNME	The learners shall be able to perform computer operations based on a given tasks	1.1 Determine requirements of task in accordance with the required output 1.2 Select appropriate hardware and software according to task assigned and required outcome 1.3 Plan a task to ensure that OSH guidelines and procedures are followed 1.4 Follow client-specific guidelines and procedures 1.5 Apply required data security guidelines in accordance with existing procedures 1.0 2. Input data into computer 2.1 Enter the data into the computer using appropriate program/application in accordance with company procedures 2.2 Check the accuracy of information and save the information in accordance with standard operating procedures 2.3 Store inputted data is in storage media according to requirements 2.4 Perform work within ergonomic guidelines 1.0 3. Access information using computer	2 weeks	TLE_IACSS9- 12PCO-Id-e-5  TLE_IACSS9- 12PCO-Id-e-5
	ALIGINIVILI	VI OI SIANDAI	NOS AND CONFERE	IVCILO	
2.0.555					0.7.7.2
WILL THIS ALIGNMENT LEAD TO ENDURANCE OR TRANSFER?					

#### CONTENT STANDARD

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD



#### 7. ALIGN WITH UNIT PERFORMANCE STANDARD

GRADE LEVEL: 7/8

SUBJECT: TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION

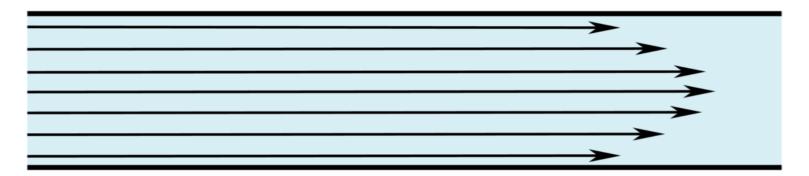
COMPONENT: Information and Communication Technology (Computer Systems Servicing) (40 hours)

QUARTER	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	OST ESSENTIAL LEARNING	DURATION	K-12 CG Code
			COMPETENCIES		
LESSON 1: USII	NG AND MAINTAINING HAN	D TOOLS (UHT)			
	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the use of hand tools and equipment for computer systems servicing	The learners shall be able to use hand tools and equipment for computer systems servicing	I.O 1. Pla. and separe for tasks to be undertaken  1.1 Identify tasks to be undertaken properly  1.2 Identify and select appropriate hand yis accoming to the task requirements		TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIa-1
0			LO 2. Prepare hand tools 2.1 Check appropriate hand tools for proper organized to hand tools for proper organized hand tools for proper organized hand tools for repair according to standard company procedure.	1 Week	TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIb-1
			LO 3. Use appropriate hand tools and test equipment 3.1 Use tools according to tasks undertaken. 3.2 Observe all safety procedures in using tools at all times and use appropriate		TLE_IACSS9- 12UHT-IIIc-1

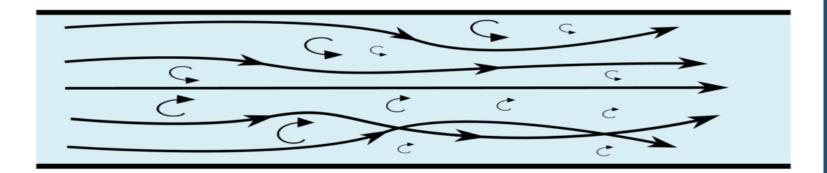
Given these gaps, how do we align standards and competencies to ensure transfer to real life or endurance for lifelong learning? What process can be done?



#### laminar flow



#### turbulent flow

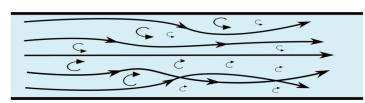


Fluid particles follow a smooth path in layers or laminae with each layer moving parallel to each other without mixing; has visible stream lines

Fluid particles move in a rough path and there are cross-currents and mixing of layers; has swirling zones

https://www.britannica.com/science/streamlining#ref54495

#### turbulent flow



# ENGLISH GRADE 7 FIRST QUARTER WEEKLY OBJECTIVES

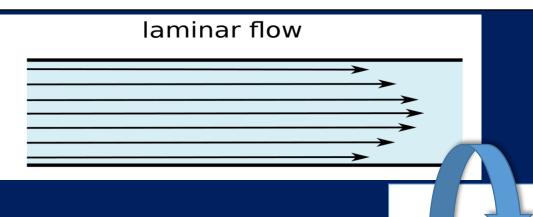
**PROGRAM STANDARD:** The learner demonstrates communicative competence through his/ her understanding of literature and other texts types for a deeper appreciation of Philippine Culture and those of other countries.

**GRADE LEVEL STANDARD:** The learner demonstrates communicative competence through his/ her understanding of Philippine Literature and other texts types for a deeper appreciation of Philippine Culture.

**CONTENT STANDARD:** The learner demonstrates understanding of: pre-colonial Philippine literature as a means of connecting to the past; various reading styles; ways of determining word meaning; the sounds of English and the prosodic features of speech; and correct subject-verb agreement.

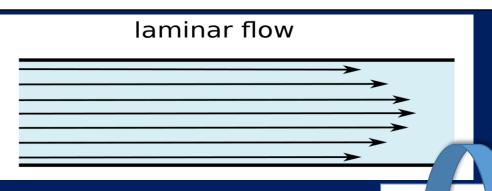
**PERFORMANCE STANDARD:** The learner transfers learning by: showing appreciation for the literature of the past; congressions texts using appropriate reading styles; participating in conversations using appropriate context-dependent expressions; producing English sounds correctly and using the producing features of speech effectively in various situations; and observing correct subject-verball element.

VEEK	READING	LISTENING	VIEWING	VOCABULARY	LITERATURE	WRITING AND	QRA VAGE AND	GRAMMAR
VEEK	COMPREHENSION	COMPREHENSI	COMPREHENSION	DEVELOPMENT	LITERATURE	COMPOSITION	UKA) TAGE AND	AWARENESS
1	EN7RC-I-a-7: Use the appropriate reading style (scanning, skimming, speed reading, intensive reading etc.) for one's purpose EN7SS-I-a-1.5.2: Scan for specific information.	EN7LC-I-a-5: Recognize prosodic features: volume, projection, pitch, stress, intonation, juncture, and speech rate rate serve as carriers of meaning.  EN7LC-I-a-5.1: Listen for important points signalled by volume, projection, pitch, stress, intonation, juncture, and rate of speech EN7LC-I-a-5.2: Note the changes in volume, projection, pitch, stress, intonation, juncture, and rate of speech that affect meaning.	EN7VC-1-a-8: Use structural analysis to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words or expressions from the material viewed.	EN7V-I-a-22: Distinguish between slang and colloquial expressions in conversations.  EN7V-I-a-22.1: Distinguish features of colloquial language (fillers, contractions, etc.) and slang.	a means or connecting to a significant past.	EN7WC-I-a-4: Distinguish between for the property of the prope	ENTF-I-a-3.11: Observe the corre parduction of vowe and consonants of dis diphthongs, blends, glides, etc. ENTF-I-a-3.11.1: Read words phrases, clauses, sentences and paragraphs using the correct production of vowel and consonant sounds, diphthongs, blends and glides.	EN7G-I-a-11: Observe correct subject-verb arreseert



SAM DIARY CURRICULUM AP
SCIENCE GRADE 6

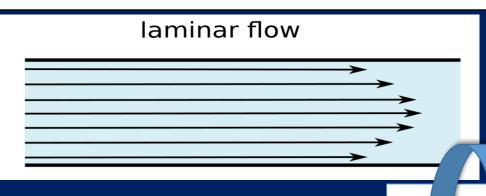
UNIT TOPIC	STANDARDS	COMPETENCIES	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES
Earth and	CONTENT	A1. Identify and	A1. Picture	A1. Picture Analysis	A1. Worksheet for Picture Labeling
Science:	STANDARD:	label in writing the	Labeling		
Layers of	The learners	four interior layers			
the Earth	demonstrate	of the earth.			
	understanding	A2. Describe orally	A2. Recitation	A2.1 Picture	A2.1 Powerpoint Slides
	of	the characteristics		Analysis	A2.2-A3 Youtube Video: PBS Digital
	the effects of	of the interior layers		A2.2 Video Viewing	Studios: "Why Does the Earth Have
	earthquakes	of the earth (crust,		and Analysis	Layers"
	and volcanic	mantle, inner and		_	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwiiOjy
	eruptions:	outer core)			<u>AU</u>
		A3. Describe orally	A3. Recitation	A3. Video Viewing	l <u></u> .
	PERFORMAN	the hamful effects		and Analysis	A4. Venn Diagram
	CE	of earthquake and		A4. Concept	
	STANDARD:	volcanic eruption		Mapping	
	The learners	on earth's interior.			
	should be able	A4. Describe in	A4.3-2-1 Chart	A4. Experiment	A4.1 Experiment Worksheet
	to	writing the changes		_	A4.2 Experiment Materials
	design an	on the Earth's			A4.3 3-2-1 Chart
	emergency and	surface as the			
	preparedness	results of			
	plan and kit	earthquakes and			
		volcanic eruptions;			
		S6ES-IVa-1			
		A5. Enumerate in	A5. Concept	A5.1 Situation	A5.1 Graphic Organizer
		writing what to do	Mapping	Analysis	A5.2 Powerpoint Slides
		before, during and		A5.2 Role Playing	
		after earthquake or			
		volcanic enuntions:			



SAM DIARY CURRICULUM AP
SCIENCE GRADE 6

STREAMLINING IS NOT SIMPLY
REDUCING COMPETENCIES;
IT IS ESTABLISHING
ALIGNMENTS BETWEEN
STANDARDS,
COMPETENCIES,
ASSESSMENTS, ACTIVITIES,
AND RESOURCES

A1. Picture Labeling ally cs yers st, ad  A3. Recitation ally ects and	A1. Picture Analysis  A2.1 Picture Analysis A2.2 Video Viewing and Analysis  A3. Video Viewing and Analysis	A1. Worksheet for Picture Labeling  A2.1 Powerpoint Slides A2.2-A3 Youtube Video: PBS Digital Studios: "Why Does the Earth Have Layers" https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=WwiiOjvfs AU  A4. Venn Diagram
cs yers st, ad ally A3. Recitation	Analysis A2.2 Video Viewing and Analysis A3. Video Viewing	A2.2-A3 Youtube Video: PBS Digital Studios: "Why Does the Earth Have Layers"  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwiiOjv! AU
ects		A4. Venn Diagram
on or.	A4. Concept Mapping	
A4.3-2-1 Chart	A4. Experiment	A4.1 Experiment Worksheet A4.2 Experiment Materials A4.3 3-2-1 Chart
in A5. Concept Mapping	A5.1 Situation Analysis A5.2 Role Playing	A5.1 Graphic Organizer A5.2 Powerpoint Slides
	in A5. Concept do Mapping	in A5. Concept A5.1 Situation do Mapping Analysis A5.2 Role Playing



SAM DIARY CURRICULUM AP
SCIENCE GRADE 6

#### **BENEFITS OF STREAMLINING:**

- CLARITY OF PROCESS
- EFFICIENCY IN TEACHING
- FOCUS ON SKILL
- SCAFFOLDED SKILLS DEVELOPMENT
- EVIDENCE OF LEARNING

UNIT	STANDARDS	COMPETENCIES	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES
TOPIC					
Earth and	CONTENT	A1. Identify and	A1. Picture	A1. Picture Analysis	A1. Worksheet for Picture Labeling
Science:	STANDARD:	label in writing the	Labeling		_
Layers of	The learners	four interior layers	_		
the Earth	demonstrate	of the earth.			
	understanding	A2. Describe orally	A2. Recitation	A2.1 Picture	A2.1 Powerpoint Slides
	of	the characteristics		Analysis	A2.2-A3 Youtube Video: PBS Digital
	the effects of	of the interior layers		A2.2 Video Viewing	Studios: "Why Does the Earth Have
	earthquakes	of the earth (crust,		and Analysis	Layers"
	and volcanic	mantle, inner and			https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwiiOjyfv
	eruptions:	outer core)			<u>AU</u>
		A3. Describe orally	A3. Recitation	A3. Video Viewing	A 4 V Di
	PERFORMAN			and Analysis	A4. Venn Diagram
	CE	of earthquake and		A4. Concept	
	STANDARD:	volcanic eruption		Mapping	
	The learners	on earth's interior.			A4.1 Experiment Worksheet
	should be able	A4. Describe in	A4.3-2-1 Chart	A4. Experiment	A4.2 Experiment Materials
	to	writing the changes			A4.3 3-2-1 Chart
	design an	on the Earth's			A4.5 5-2-1 Chait
	emergency and				
	preparedness	results of			
	plan and kit	earthquakes and			
		volcanic eruptions;			
		S6ES-IVa-1	45.0	45 4 600 - 10	A5.1 Graphic Organizer
		A5. Enumerate in	A5. Concept	A5.1 Situation	A5.2 Powerpoint Slides
		writing what to do	Mapping	Analysis	
		before, during and		A5.2 Role Playing	
		after earthquake or			
	l	volcanic enuntions:			

#### PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

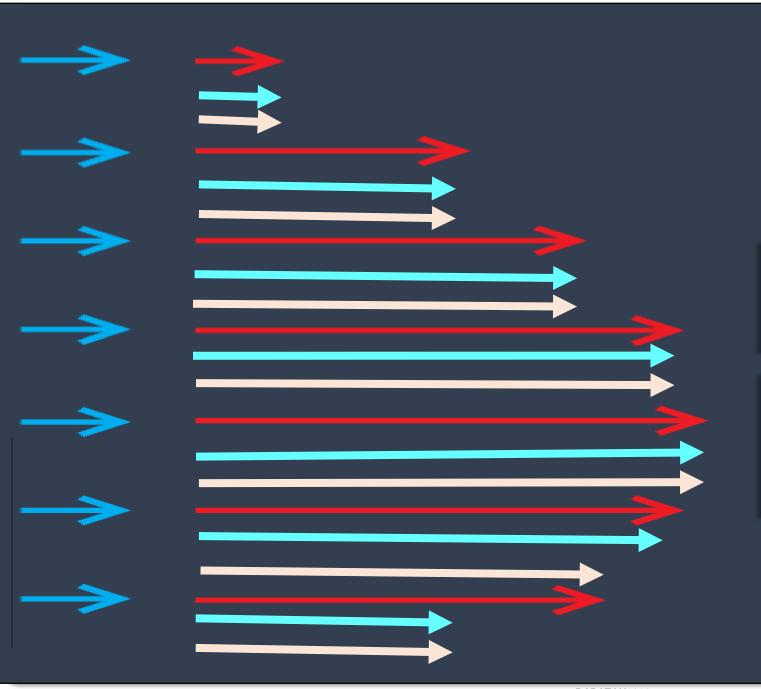
Standards of Compliance							
1. A curriculum map in each subject area that:							
- is aligned with the philosophy, vision, mission, goals and objectives*	4	3	2	1	0		
- is aligned with the Kto12 curriculum guides, standards and competencies*	4	3	2	1	0		
- shows unpacked Kto12 standards and competencies in different ways in all subjects*	4	3	2	1	0		
- shows horizontal alignment between standards, competencies, assessment, instruction and resources in all the learning units*	4	3	2	1	0		
- articulates vertical learning progressions across the different grade levels*	4	3	2	1	0		
2. The implementation and continuous improvement of the curriculum maps by:							
- checking that the standards and competencies, activities and assessments and resources and integration of the PVMGO in the curriculum maps are reflected in the unit learning plans	4	3	2	1	0		
- conducting a periodic review, revision and updating of the curriculum maps	4	3	2	1	0		

## CONTENT STANDARD

### PERFORMANCE STANDARD

LESSON 2: DEE	EORMING COMPLITED OPER	RATIONS (PCO)	59	-	
O	The learners demonstrate and understanding of concepts and underlying principles in performing computer operations	The learners shall be able to perform computer operations based on a given tasks	LO 1. Plan and prepare for task to be undertaken  1.1 Determine requirements of task in accordance with the required output  1.2 Select appropriate hardware and software according to task assigned and required outcome  1.3 Plan a task to ensure that OSH guidelines and procedures are followed  1.4 Follow client-specific guidelines and procedures  1.5 Apply required data security guidelines in accordance with existing procedures  LO 2. Input data into computer  2.1 Enter the data into the computer using appropriate program/application in accordance with company procedures  2.2 Check the accuracy of information and save the information in accordance with standard operating procedures  2.3 Store inputted data is in storage media according to requirements	2 weeks	TLE_IACSS9- 12PCO-Ic-d-4  TLE_IACSS9- 12PCO-Id-e-5
			2.4 Perform work within ergonomic guidelines  LO 3. Access information using computer 3.1 Select correct program/application based on job requirements 3.2 Access program/application containing the information required according to company procedures		TLE_IACSS9- 12PCO-le-f-6

# **LAMINAR OR TURBULENT FLOW?**



# STREAMLINING BY:

TECHNIQUE A. ALIGNING CONTENT
STANDARD AND COMPETENCIES
WITH PERFORMANCE STANDARD

TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING
POWER AND SUPPORTING
COMPETENCIES AND CLUSTERING
THESE





Briefer 9-10
Kindergarten 11-2

Araling Briefer 23 - 24

Panlipunan

Grade 1 25 - 27

Grade 2 27 - 29

Grade 3 29 - 31

Grade 4 32 - 33

Grade 5 34 - 36

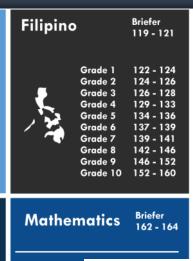
Grade 6 36 - 39

Grade 7 39 - 41

Grade 8 42 - 44



English	1	Briefer 101 - 105
	Grade 1	106
	Grade 2	107 - 108
	Grade 3	108 - 110
	Grade 4	110 - 111
EN (	Grade 5	111 - 112
	Grade 6	112 - 113
	Grade 7	113 - 114
	Grade 8	114 - 115
	Grade 9	115 - 116
	Grade 10	116 - 117



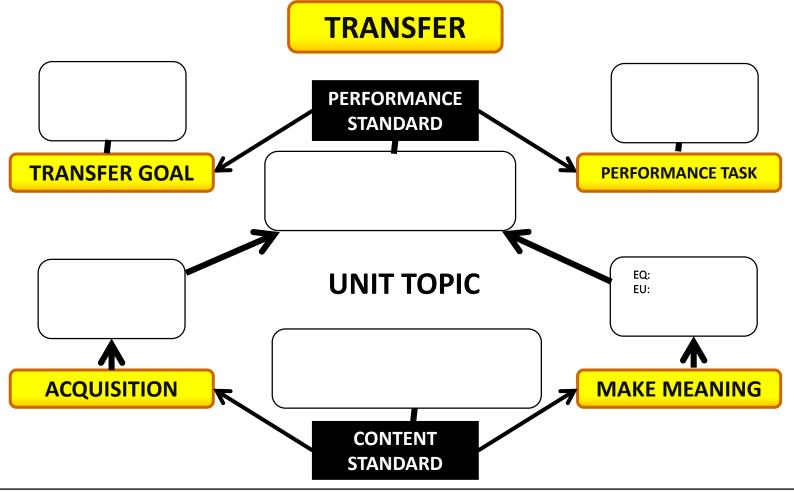
# ALIGNMENT WITH PERFORMANCE STANDARD

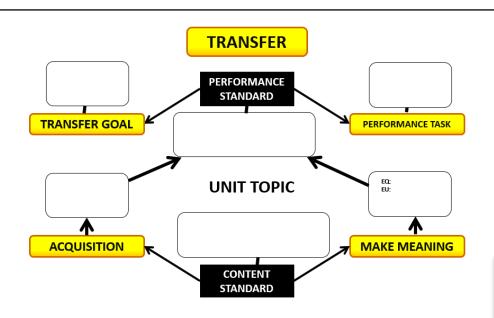


In determining the most essential learning competencies, the Department collaborated with stakeholders from the Assessment Curriculum and Technology Research Centre (ACTRC), during which the descriptor **FINDURANCE** – was considered the primary determining factor. A learning competency is considered enduring if it remains with learners long after a test or unit of study is completed or if it is useful beyond a single test or unit of study. Examples of such learning competencies include research skills, reading comprehension, writing, map reading, and hypothesis testing, which are essential in many professions and in everyday life (Reeves, 2002; Many & Horrell, 2014).

GUIDELINES ON THE USE OF THE MELCS, p. 3

# TECHNIQUE A. ALIGNING CONTENT STANDARD AND COMPETENCIES WITH PERFORMANCE STANDARD





# TECHNIQUE A: ALIGNING CONTENT STANDARD AND COMPETENCIES WITH PERFORMANCE STANDARD

#### **STEPS:**

- 1. Copy the Content and Performance Standards and write Unit Topic.
- 2. Unpack the Transfer Goal and Performance Task from Performance Standard. Then write in diagram.
- 3. Review DepEd CG/School Curriculum Map and take out competencies that are not directly aligned with Performance Standard. These competencies may already have been taught or may be taught in another grade or unit.
- 4. Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals. A & M with Content and T with Performance Standard. Unpack when needed.
- 5. Unpack the EQ and EU and with M cluster of competencies, establish link with Content Standard and Performance Task.
- 6. Cluster the A competencies and establish link with Content Standard and Performance Task.
- 7. Determine assessments for A (QA type) and M (WW type).

#### **K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM**

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	T (EM)			
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1
Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in iden and understanding to consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation		e 7/8 Q MPETEI	1 has 20 NCIES	TLE_EM7-12-00- 2
2.2 Interviews 2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD) 2.4 Survey				
	LAMI	NAR OR TURBU	LENT FLOW?	

# STEP 1: Copy the Content and Performance Standards and write Unit Topic.

CING (NCII)							
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES			
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	T (EM)						
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market  (competitors)  1. Products & services  available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1			
Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in identifying and understanding the consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation  2.2 Interviews  2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD)  2.4 Survey			LO 2. Recognize the potential customer/ market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers 2.2 Identify the customer's needs and wants through consumer analysis 2.1 Conduct consumer/market analysis	TLE_EM7-12-00- 2			

## STEP 1: Copy the Content and Performance Standards and write Unit Topic. **TRANSFER PERFORMANCE STANDARD** The learners shall be able to create a **TRANSFER GOAL PERFORMANCE TASK** business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality or town. **UNIT TOPIC: Environment and Market** in Computer Systems Servicing The learners demonstrate understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing market particularly in **ACQUISITION MAKE MEANING** one's town or municipality. **CONTENT STANDARD**

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD

The learners should be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality or town.

TRANSFER GOAL

The learners shall be able to create an online business vicinity map to identify business opportunities in a given locality.

## PERFORMANCE TASK

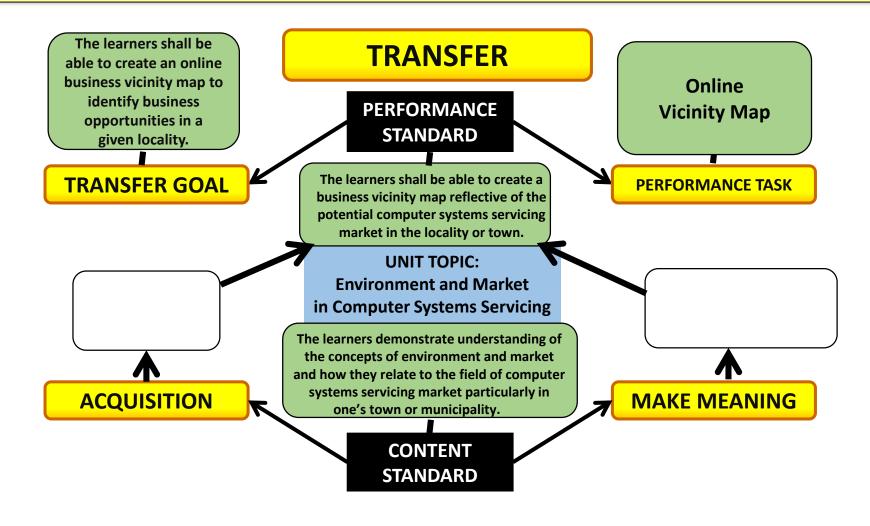
You and two of your friends plan to open a computer shop and service center. With the immediate purpose of identifying possible locations for putting up this business in your city, you decide to create a business vicinity map.

Eventually, this can be viewed by netizens online. You are to create a Jumpshare account (jumpshare.com.) and have the <u>online business</u> <u>vicinity map</u> uploaded there, and shared online using social media. Look for users from ASEAN countries and invite them to have a look at your <u>online vicinity map</u>. Have them post their comments, suggestions and ideas to enhance the <u>vicinity map</u>.

To create an <u>online business vicinity map</u>, each of you will play one of the following roles: researcher, map maker, and social media manager.

The <u>online business vicinity map</u> should have clear map features, accurate labels, an attractive design, and is compatible to work in appropriate applications (e.g. platforms, browsers)

#### STEP 2: Unpack the Transfer Goal and Performance Task from Performance Standard. Then write in diagram.



# K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	T (EM)			
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1
Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in identifying and understanding the consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation  2.2 Interviews  2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD)  2.4 Survey			LO 2. Recognize the potential customer/ market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers 2.2 Identify the customer's needs and wants through consumer analysis 2.1 Conduct consumer/market analysis	TLE_EM7-12-00- 2

STEP 3: Review DepEd CG/School Curriculum Map and take out competencies that are not directly aligned with Performance Standard. These competencies may already have been taught or may be taught in another grade or unit.

STEP 3: Review DepEd CG/School Curriculum Map and take out competencies that are not directly aligned with Performance Standard. These competencies may already have been taught or may be taught in another grade or unit.

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Generating business ideas 1.1 Key concepts in generating business ideas 1.2 Knowledge, skills, passions, and interests 1.3 New applications 1.4 Irritants 1.5 Striking ideas (new concepts) 1.6 Serendipity Walk			LO 3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techniques 3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes 3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends, and emerging needs 3.3 Generate business ideas using Serendipity Work	TLE_EM7-12-00-3
1. Product development 2. Key concepts in developing a product 3. Finding Value 4. Innovation 4.1 Unique Selling Proposition (USP)	The learners demonstrate an understanding of concepts of environment and market and how they relate to computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market within the locality/town	LO 4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servicing 4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the customer 4.2 Identify the customer 4.3 Explain what makes a product unique and competitive 4.4 Apply creativity and innovative techniques to develop marketable product 4.5 Employ a USP to the product/service	TLE_EM7-12-00- 4
Selecting business idea     Key concepts in selecting a     business idea     2.1 Criteria Techniques			LO 5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set 5.1 Enumerate various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea 5.2 Apply the criteria/steps in selecting a viable business idea 5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set	TLE_EM7-12-00- 5

STEP 3: Review DepEd CG/School Curriculum Map and take out competencies that are not directly aligned with Performance Standard. These competencies may already have been taught or may be taught in another grade or unit.

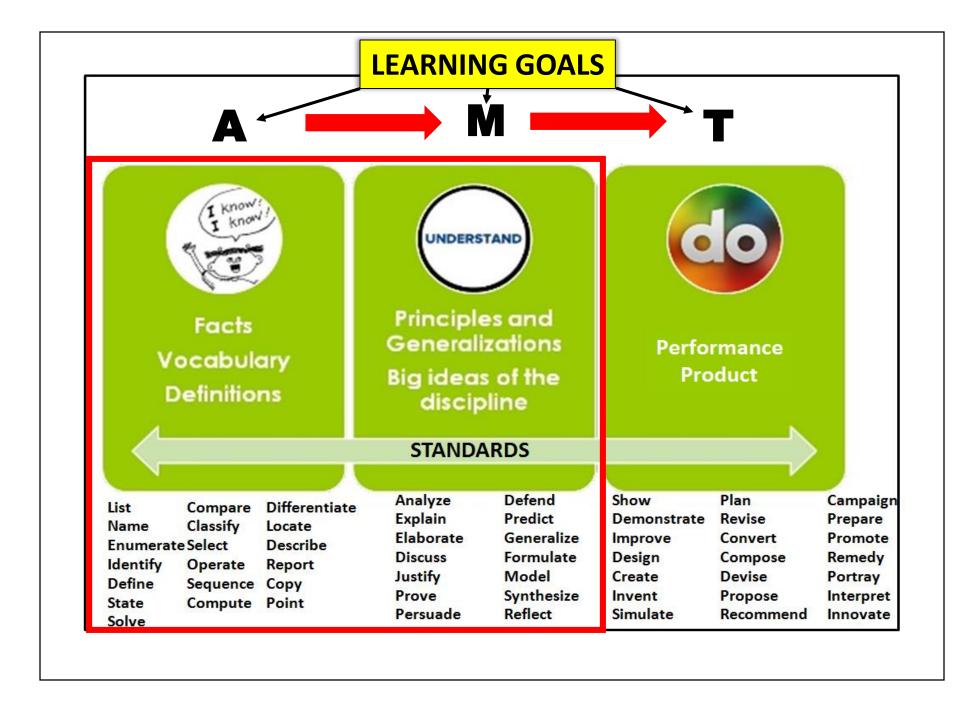
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Branding			LO 6. Develop a brand for the product 6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good brand 6.2 Enumerate recognizable brands in the town/province 6.3 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand 6.4 Generate a clear appeal	TLE_EM7-12-00- 6

# K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES	
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKET (EM)					
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1	
2.1 Observation 2.2 Interviews 2.3 Focus group	CORE C	OMPETE	has 20 15 ENCIES* (v1) ubsumed with other LCs)	TLE_EM7-12-00- 2	
discussion (FGD) 2.4 Survey					

STEP 4: Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals. A and M are matched with Content Standard and T with Performance Standard. *Unpack when needed*.

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES				
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	ENVIRONMENT AND MARKET (EM)							
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1				
Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in identifying and understanding the consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation  2.2 Interviews  2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD)  2.4 Survey			LO 2. Recognize the potential customer/ market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers 2.2 Identify the customer's needs and wants through consumer analysis 2.1 Conduct consumer/market analysis	TLE_EM7-12-00-				



STEP 4: Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals. A and M are matched with Content Standard and T with Performance Standard. *Unpack when needed.* 

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES				
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	ENVIRONMENT AND MARKET (EM)							
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1				
Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in identifying and understanding the consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation  2.2 Interviews  2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD)  2.4 Survey			LO 2. Recognize the potential custome market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers 2.2 Identify the customer's needs and wants through consumer analysis 2.1 Conduct consumer/market analysis	TLE_EM7-12-00-				

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Generating business ideas 1.1 Key concepts in generating business ideas 1.2 Knowledge, skills, passions, and interests 1.3 New applications 1.4 Irritants 1.5 Striking ideas (new concepts) 1.6 Serendipity Walk			LO 3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techn 3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes 3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends, and emerging needs 3.3 Computer business ideas using Secondipit, Wells	TLE_EM7-12-00- 3
<ol> <li>Product development</li> <li>Key concepts in developing a product</li> <li>Finding Value</li> <li>Innovation         <ul> <li>Unique Selling</li> <li>Proposition (USP)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	The learners demonstrate an understanding of concepts of environment and market and how they relate to computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market within the locality/town	LO 4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servicing 4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the custome 1.2 Identify the custome 1.3 Explain what makes a product unique and competitive 4.4 Apply creativity and innovative techniques develop marketable product 4.5 Employ a USP to the product/service	TLE_EM7-12-00- 4
Selecting business idea     Key concepts in selecting a     business idea     Criteria Techniques			LO 5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set  5.1 Enumerate various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea  5.2 Apply the criteria/steps in selecting a viab business idea  5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set  M	TLE_EM7-12-00- 5

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Branding	The learners demonstrate an understanding of concepts of environment and market and how they relate to computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/municipality		LO 6. Develop a brand for the product 6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good bra 6.2 Enumerate recognizable brands in the town/province 6.3 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand 6.4 Generate a clear appeal	TLE_EM7-12-00- 6

#### CONTENT STANDARDS:

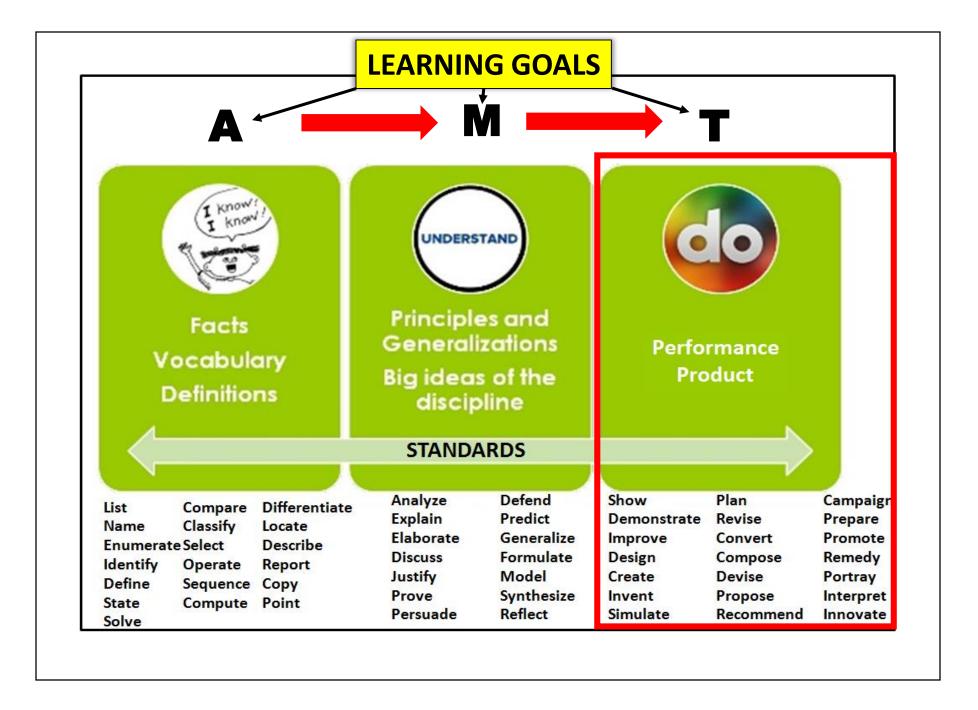
The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality.

TLE_EM7-12-00-1	LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing			
	1.1 Identify the players/competitors within the town (A)			
	1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market (A)			
TLE_EM7-12-00-2	LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing			
	2.1 Profile potential customers (A)			
TLE_EM7-12-00-3	LO3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techniques			
	3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes (M)			
TLE_EM7-12-00-4	LO4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servicing			
	4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the customer (A)			
	4.2 Apply creative and innovative techniques to develop marketable product (M)			
TLE_EM7-12-00-5	LO5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set			
	5.1 Enumerate the various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea (A)			
	5.2 Apply the criteria /steps in selecting a viable business idea (M)			
	5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set (M)			
TLE_EM7-12-00-6	LO6. Develop a brand for the product			
	6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good brand (A)			
	6.2 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand (A)			

**A-7** 

**M-4** 

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STEP 4: Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals. A and M are matched with Content Standard and T with Performance Standard. *Unpack when needed*.

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES			
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Market (customer)  1. Key concepts in identifying and understanding the consumer  2. Consumer analysis through:  2.1 Observation  2.2 Interviews  2.3 Focus group discussion (FGD)  2.4 Survey			LO 2. Recognize the potential custome market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers 2.2 Identify the customer's needs and wants through consumer analysis 2.1 Conduct consumer/market analysis  T	TLE_EM7-12-00- 2			

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Generating business ideas 1.1 Key concepts in generating business ideas 1.2 Knowledge, skills, passions, and interests 1.3 New applications 1.4 Irritants 1.5 Striking ideas (new concepts) 1.6 Serendipity Walk			LO 3. Create new business ideas in compsystems servicing by using various techn 3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes 3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends, and emeneeds	TLE_EM7-12-00- 3
<ol> <li>Product development</li> <li>Key concepts in developing a product</li> <li>Finding Value</li> <li>Innovation         <ul> <li>Unique Selling</li> <li>Proposition (USP)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	The learners demonstrate an understanding of concepts of environment and market and how they relate to computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market within the locality/town	LO 4. Develop a product/service in compsystems servicing 4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the custome 1.2 Identify the custome 1.3 Explain what makes a product unique on competitive 4.4 Apply creativity and innovative techniques develop marketable product 4.5 Employ a USP to the product/service	TLE_EM7-12-00- 4
Selecting business idea     Key concepts in selecting a     business idea     Criteria Techniques			LO 5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set 5.1 Enumerate various criteria and steps in sea a business idea 5.2 Apply the criteria/steps in selecting a viab business idea 5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set  M	TLE_EM7-12-00- 5

STEP 4: Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals.

A and M are matched with Content Standard and T with Performance Standard.

Unpack when needed.

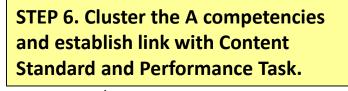
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES
1. Branding			LO 6. Develop a brand for the product 6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good bra 6.2 Enumerate recognizable brands in the town/province 6.3 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand 6.4 Generate a clear appeal	TLE_EM7-12-00- 6

# PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town. TLE\_EM7-12-00-2 LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.2 Conduct consumer /market analysis (T) TLE\_EM7-12-00-3 LO3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techniques 3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends and emerging needs (T) TLE\_EM7-12-00-4 LO4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servicing 4.3 Employ a Unique Selling Proposition (USP) to the product/service (T) TLE\_EM7-12-00-6 LO6. Develop a brand for the product

6.3 Generate a clear appeal (T)

**T-4** 

# 15 competencies = A-7, M-4, T-4



The learners shall be able to create an online business vicinity map to identify business opportunities in a given locality.

**TRANSFER GOAL** 

Learning Competencies about Environment and Market in CSS

**ACQUISITION** 

#### **TRANSFER**

# PERFORMANCE STANDARD

The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality or town.

#### **UNIT TOPIC:**

**Environment and Market** in Computer Systems Servicing

The learners demonstrate understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing market particularly in one's town or municipality.

CONTENT STANDARD STEP 5. Unpack the EQ and EU and with M cluster of competencies, establish link with Content Standard and Performance Task.

Online Vicinity Map

#### **PERFORMANCE TASK**

**EU** The students will understand that business opportunities in Computer Systems Servicing depend on the Environment and Market of a town / municipality.

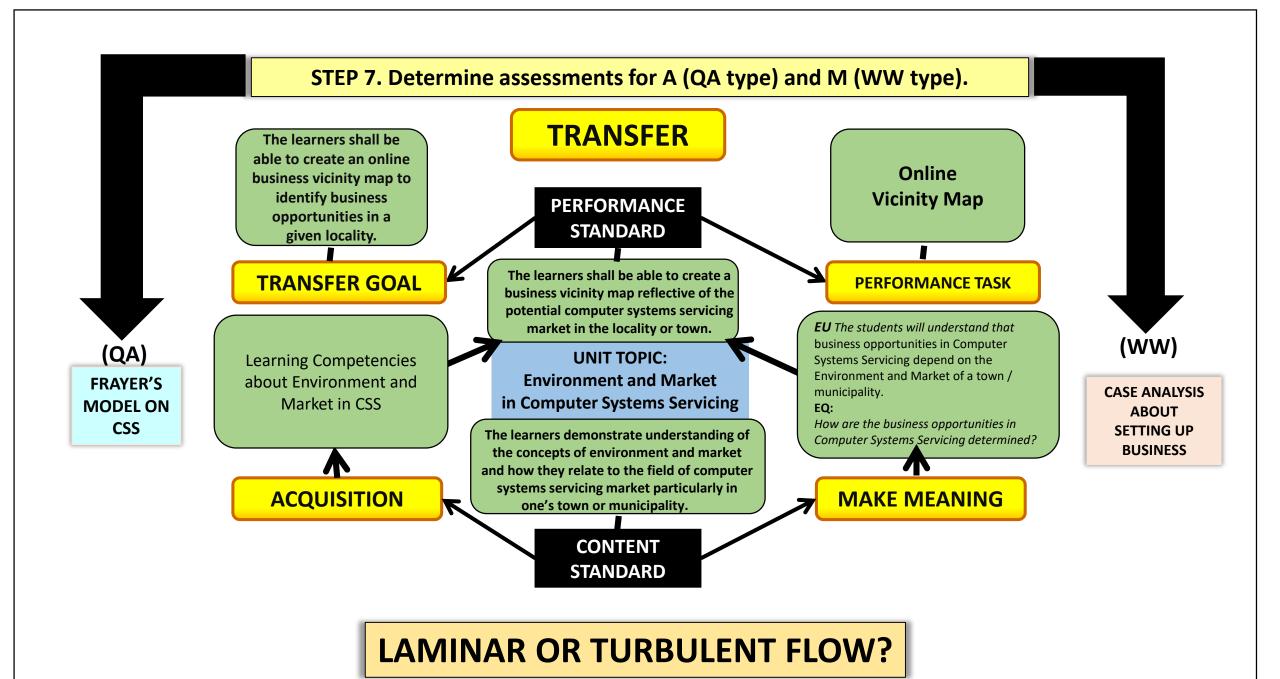
EQ:

How are the business opportunities in Computer Systems Servicing determined?

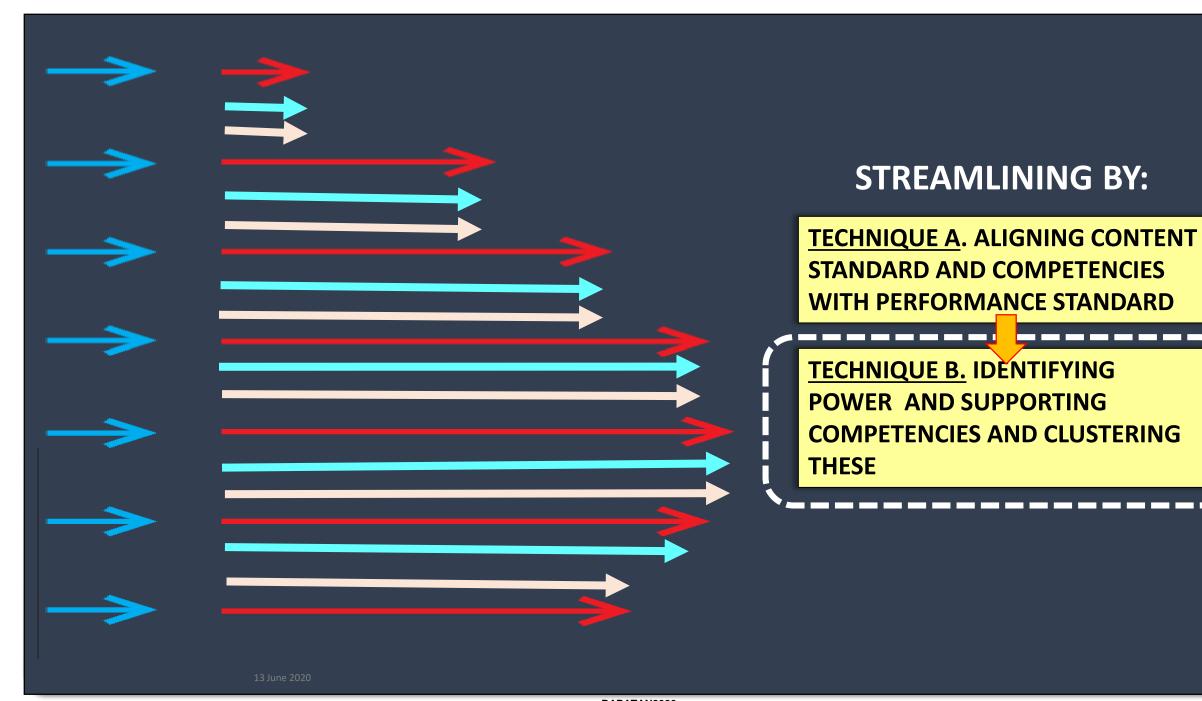
**MAKE MEANING** 

#### STEP 7. Determine assessments for A (QA type) and M (WW type). **TRANSFER** The learners shall be able to create an online Online business vicinity map to identify business **Vicinity Map PERFORMANCE** opportunities in a **STANDARD** given locality. The learners shall be able to create a **TRANSFER GOAL PERFORMANCE TASK** business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing **EU** The students will understand that market in the locality or town. (WW) business opportunities in Computer (QA) **UNIT TOPIC: Learning Competencies** Systems Servicing depend on the Environment and Market of a town / about Environment and **Environment and Market** FRAYER'S **CASE ANALYSIS** municipality. in Computer Systems Servicing Market in CSS **MODEL ON** EQ: **ABOUT** How are the business opportunities in **CSS SETTING UP** The learners demonstrate understanding of Computer Systems Servicing determined? **BUSINESS** the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing market particularly in **ACQUISITION MAKE MEANING** one's town or municipality. **CONTENT**

**STANDARD** 



RAPATAN2020





# What are Power Standards/Competencies?

- A focus for teachers on what to teach
- "Higher level of Learning"
- A prioritization of the academic standards
- Provides purpose or reason for learning a specific competency

# **POWER COMPETENCIES**

are curricular competencies that directly achieve the Performance Standard and pass all REAL criteria.

# **SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES**

are curricular competencies which contribute to or serve as steps to the attainment of the Power Competencies.



WHICH IS A
POWER
COMPETENCY
AND SUPPORTING
COMPETENCY?



SUBJECT	1	2
ENGLISH	Identify Types of Modals	Explain Structure of Effective Persuasive Texts
FILIPINO	Use Graphic Organizers	Find the Main Idea
MATH	Find Area of Rhombus, Trapezoid, Parallelogram	Find Area of Rectangle or Triangle
ARALIN PANLIPUNAN	Record Oral Histories	Evaluate Historical Evidence
SCIENCE	Detect Bias in a Scientific Conclusion	Analyze and Evaluate Scientific Explanation

RAPATAN2020

WHICH IS A
POWER
COMPETENCY
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SUBJECT	1	2
ENGLISH	Identify Types of Modals	Explain Structure of Effective Persuasive Texts
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MATH	Find Area of Rhombus, Trapezoid, Parallelogram	Find Area of Rectangle or Triangle
ARALIN PANLIPUNAN	Record Oral Histories	Evaluate Historical Evidence
SCIENCE	Detect Bias in a Scientific Conclusion	Analyze and Evaluate Scientific Explanation

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How can identification and clustering of power and supporting competencies be done for streamlining the curriculum?

# Do the following steps:

- 1. Identify power and supporting competencies using REAL from core set of competencies.
- 2. Make clusters of power and supporting competencies.
- 3. Sequence clusters with the last related to the Performance Task.
- 4. Set the budget of time for teaching the clusters.



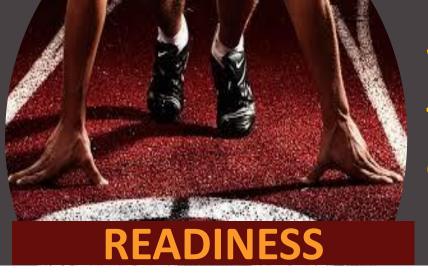








TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING THE UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES



When the competency represents learning that is essential for success in a new unit, course of study or succeeding grade level, it has readiness.

## **GUIDE QUESTION**

Does this standard contain prerequisite content and/or skills necessary for the next unit, course of study, or grade level?

### **EXAMPLE**

The learner conducts consumer or market analysis.



When the competency represents learning that goes beyond one course or grade level and is representative of a concept or skill that is important in life, it has endurance.

## **GUIDE QUESTION**

Does this standard have value beyond one single test date?

Will this standard endure beyond the test?

Will the knowledge and skills be important beyond this unit?

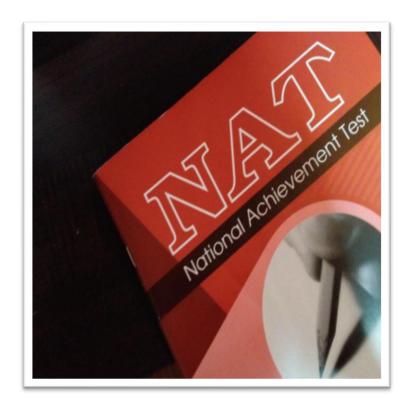
### **EXAMPLE**

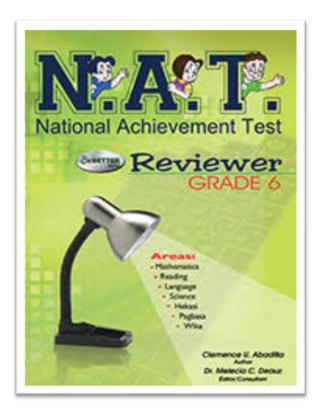
The learner generates business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends and emerging needs.



When the competency is often tested in an achievement or admissions exam or for a job, it has value for assessment

# **ASSESSMENT**









When the standard is tested on an achievement test or similar exam to determine student's proficiency

## **GUIDE QUESTION**

Does this standard appear in national, university, or international examinations?

## **EXAMPLE**

The learner enumerates various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea



When the competency represents learning that is applied both within the content area and in other content areas, it has leverage.

## **GUIDE QUESTION**

Does this standard have multidisciplinary connections? Is this standard relevant in other disciplines?

### **EXAMPLE**

The learner applies creative and innovative techniques to develop marketable product.

# TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES WITH REAL

COMPETENCIES	R (needed for next unit or grade)	<b>E</b> (needed for real life)	(needed for achievement or admissions or job tests)	(needed by other subjects)	POWER OR SUPPORTING?

# STEP 1

## TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES WITH REAL

COMPETENCIES	R (needed for next unit or grade)	E (needed for real life)	A (needed for achievement or admissions or job tests)	L (needed by other subjects)	POWER OR SUPPORTING?
TLE_EM7-12-00-1 LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/competitors within the town	×	Ø	X	Ø	Supporting
1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market TLE EM7-12-00-2	X		X	$\bigcirc$	Supporting
LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Power
2.2 Conduct consumer /market analysis		<b>W</b>	<b>W</b>		Power
TLE_EM7-12-00-3 LO3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techniques 3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes	×	Ø	<b>Ø</b>	Ø	Supporting
3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends and emerging needs	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Power

# STEP 1

# TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES WITH REAL

COMPETENCIES			E (needed for real life)	A (needed for achievement or admissions or job tests)	L (needed by other subjects)	POWER OR SUPPORTING?
TLE_EM7-12-00-4 LO4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servici	no					
4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the customer	''E	X		X	<b>-</b> Ø	
4.2 Apply creative and innovative techniques to develop	p marketable		<u>~</u>		$\sim$	Supporting
product		<b>W</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>Ø</b>	$\bigcirc$	Power
4.3 Employ a Unique Selling Proposition (USP) to the pr	oduct/service	<b>(V)</b>	<b>(V)</b>	(V)		Power
TLE_EM7-12-00-5						
LOS. Select a business idea based on the criteria and technic	-	X	<b>W</b>	X	<b>O</b>	Supporting
5.1 Enumerate	g a business idea	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
5.2 Apply the crit Summary:	idea					Power
5.3 Determine a	niques set	$\bigcirc$	<b>(V)</b>	<b>(V)</b>	<b>(V)</b>	Power
TLE_EM7-12-00-6 - 8 Power					<b>(V)</b>	
LO6. Develop a bran			X	×		Supporting
6.1 Identify the - 7 Supporting					_(V)_	
6.2 Enumerate d					Supporting	
6.3 Generate a clear appeal	RAPATA		<b>(V)</b>		_(√)	Power

CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF DAYS)	POWER COMPETENCIES	SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES

CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF DAYS)	POWER COMPETENCIES	SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES
1 (5 days)	TLE_EM7-12-00-2 LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Profile potential customers	TLE_EM7-12-00-1 LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/competitors within the town
	2.2 Conduct consumer /market analysis	1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market
2 (4 days)	3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation from irritants, trends and emerging needs	LO3. Create new business ideas in computer systems servicing by using various techniques 3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from ones' own characteristics/attributes

CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF DAYS)	POWER COMPETENCIES	SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES
3 (4 days)	<ul><li>4.2 Apply creative and innovative techniques to develop marketable product</li><li>4.3 Employ a Unique Selling Proposition (USP) to the product/service</li></ul>	TLE_EM7-12-00-4 LO4. Develop a product/service in computer systems servicing 4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the customer
4 (3 days)	5.2 Apply the criteria /steps in selecting a viable business idea	TLE_EM7-12-00-5 LO5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set 5.1 Enumerate the various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea
	5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set	
5 (4 days)	6.3 Generate a clear appeal	TLE_EM7-12-00-6 LO6. Develop a brand for the product 6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good brand 6.2 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand

# K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES			
ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE	T (EM)						
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1			
Market (custom  1. Key concept and underst consumer  2. Consumer a through: 2.1 Obser 2.2 Interviews	1. Key concept and underst consumer 2. Consumer a through: 2.1 Obser						
	NOTE: Number and schedule of clusters of competencies may be adjusted depending on term schedule.						
2.4 Survey							

CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF DAYS)	POWER COMPETENCIES	SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES
	TLE_EM7-12-00-2	TLE_EM7-12-00-1
	LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in	LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer
1	computer systems servicing	systems servicing
<u>(5 da</u> ys)	2.1 Profile potential customers	1.1 Identify the players/competitors within the town
MERGE	2.2 Conduct consumer /market analysis	1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market
	3.2 Generate business ideas using product innovation	LO3. Create new business ideas in computer systems
2	from irritants, trends and emerging needs	servicing by using various techniques
(4 days)		3.1 Explore ways of generating business ideas from
		ones' own characteristics/attributes
	4.2. Apply avective and inneventive techniques to	TLE_EM7-12-00-4
3	4.2 Apply creative and innovative techniques to	LO4. Develop a product/service in computer systems
(4 days)	develop marketable product	servicing
(4 uays)	4.3 Employ a Unique Selling Proposition (USP) to the product/service	4.1 Identify what is of "value" to the customer

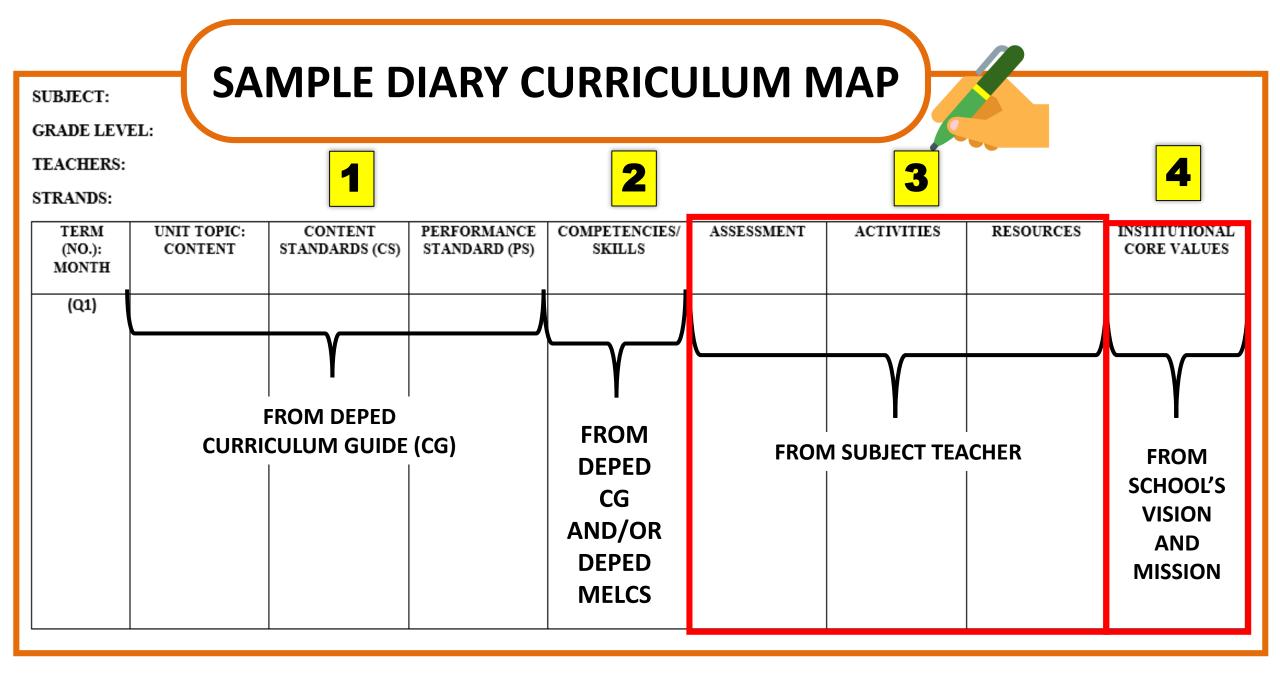
CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF DAYS)	POWER COMPETENCIES	SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES
MERGE 4 (3 days)	5.2 Apply the criteria /steps in selecting a viable business idea	TLE_EM7-12-00-5 LO5. Select a business idea based on the criteria and techniques set  5.1 Enumerate the various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea
	5.3 Determine a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set	
5 (4 days)	6.3 Generate a clear appeal	TLE_EM7-12-00-6 LO6. Develop a brand for the product 6.1 Identify the benefits of having a good brand 6.2 Enumerate criteria for developing a brand

# K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES		
<b>ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE</b>	T (EM)					
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1		
Market (cur.  1. Key con and und consum through 2. Consum through 2.1 0 2.2 In (other LCs merged and rephrased)  7-12-00-  7-12-00-  7-12-00-  7-12-00-  7-12-00-  7-12-00-  1. Key con and und consum through (v2)  1. Consum						
discussion (FGD) 2.4 Survey						

# K to 12 BASIC EDUCATION CURRICULUM INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - COMPUTER SYSTEMS SERVICING (NCII)

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODES				
<b>ENVIRONMENT AND MARKE</b>	T (FM)							
Market (Town)  1. Key concepts of market  2. Players in the market   (competitors)  1. Products & services   available in the market	The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems servicing, particularly in one's town/ municipality	The learners shall be able to create a business vicinity map reflective of the potential computer systems servicing market in the locality/town	LO 1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify the players/ competitors within the town 1.2 Identify the different products/services available in the market	TLE_EM7-12-00- 1				
Market (cu 1. Key cor and un consum 2. Consum through 2.1 C								
NOTE: Number and schedule of clusters of competencies may be adjusted depending on term schedule.								
discussion (FGD) 2.4 Survey								
LAMINAR OR TURBULENT FLOW?								



### MAPPING ASSESSMENT AND ACTIVITIES WITH UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES

CLUSTER NO. (NO. OF	POWER	SUPPORTING	ASSESSMENT		Λ ACTIVITY/ ΓERIALS:	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
DAYS)	COMPETENCIES	COMPETENCIES		OFFLINE	ONLINE	CORE VALUES

## MAPPING ASSESSMENT AND ACTIVITIES WITH UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES

CLUSTER NO.	POWER	POWER SUPPORTING		PEAC LM ACTI	INSTITUTIONAL	
(NO. OF DAYS)	COMPETENCIES	COMPETENCIES	ASSESSMENT	OFFLINE	ONLINE	CORE VALUES
1 (2 days)	TLE_EM7-12-00-2 LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Identify four different computer systems services (i.e. maintaining computer systems and networks, diagnosing and troubleshooting computer systems, installing computer systems and networks and configuring computer systems and networks) available in the market.	TLE_EM7-12-00-1 LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.  1.2 Identify the available products and services in the locality needed in developing the business vicinity map.	Environmental Scanning  Survey using Google Maps	PEAC LM p.13-14  Activity Title:    Company Survey    (using Decision    Tree)  Materials:    A-Z Learning    Strategies  PEAC LM p. 10  Activity Title:    Listing of Available    CSS Products and    Services  Material:    Frayer's Model    Activity Sheet	PEAC LM p. 14 Activity Title: Code Breaker:  Weblink: K to 12 Computer Systems Servicing by Lindyl Geral (https://www.slideshare .net/didatz/computer- system-servicing)  PEAC LM pp. 22-23  Activity Title: Apps Listing  Web Listing: https://mapstreetview. com	Creativity / "Innoventiveness"

### **OFFLINE ACTIVITY:**

### Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.

#### Activity No. 4 : Company Survey

The students will count off from 1 to 6 which will be the basis of their groupings. After joining
their respective groups, they should use the Decision Tree activity as basis in determining and
identifying which among the ten (10) given choices/options are Computer Systems Servicing
(CSS) companies.

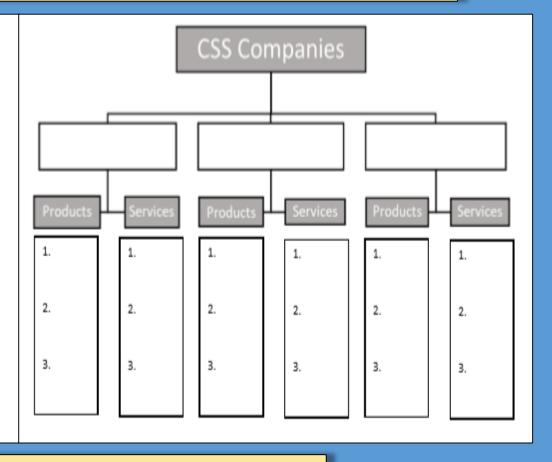
Note: The teacher will prepare 10 or more companies that either offer computer products and services or nothing at all. These companies should include listings of their company profile and may be placed in illustration boards or folders.

Members of the groups will roam and check on the different companies situated around the room. Each group will take turns in doing this to answer the chart below:

Specific instructions:

- a. In the first row, write the title.
- b. In the second row, list the companies that offer computer products and services. These were determined after you and your group mates have done brainstorming.

c.In the third row/box, list down products and services of the CSS companies identified.



SOURCE: PEAC TLE-ICT Learning Module – Gr7/8 - Computer Systems Servicing, 2019 Edition pp.13-14

### **ONLINE ACTIVITY:**

Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.

### Activity No. 5 : Code Breaker

Rank the CSS companies (see chart in the previous activity) based on the products and services that they offer. Then fill up the Code Breaker chart below:

CSS Companies (Competitors) *specify also their website URL	Published Content  *include summary & type of content creation used (blog, case studies, social media, podcast, webinar, etc.)	Social Media Integration
1.		
2.		
3.		

#### Source:

PEAC TLE-ICT Learning
Module— Gr7 / 8 - Computer
Systems Servicing, 2019
Edition p. 14

### MAPPING ASSESSMENT AND ACTIVITIES WITH UNIT POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES

CLUSTER NO.	POWER	SUPPORTING ASSESSMENT		PEAC LM ACTI	VITY/ MATERIALS:	INSTITUTIONAL
(NO. OF DAYS)		ASSESSIVIEIVI	OFFLINE	ONLINE	CORE VALUES	
1 (2 days)	TLE_EM7-12-00-2 LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Identify four different computer systems services (i.e. maintaining computer systems and networks, diagnosing and troubleshooting computer systems, installing computer systems and networks and configuring computer systems and networks) available in the market.	TLE_EM7-12-00-1 LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.  1.2 Identify the available products and services in the locality needed in developing the business vicinity map.	Environmental Scanning  Survey using Google Maps	PEAC LM p.13-14 Activity Title:    Company Survey    (using Decision    Tree)  Materials:    A-Z Learning    Strategies  PEAC LM p. 10  Activity Title:    Listing of Available    CSS Products and    Services  Material:    Frayer's Model    Activity Sheet	PEAC LM p. 14 Activity Title: Code Breaker:  Weblink: K to 12 Computer Systems Servicing by Lindyl Geral (https://www.slideshare .net/didatz/computer- system-servicing)  PEAC LM pp. 22-23  Activity Title: Apps Listing  Web Listing: https://mapstreetview. com	Creativity / "Innoventiveness"

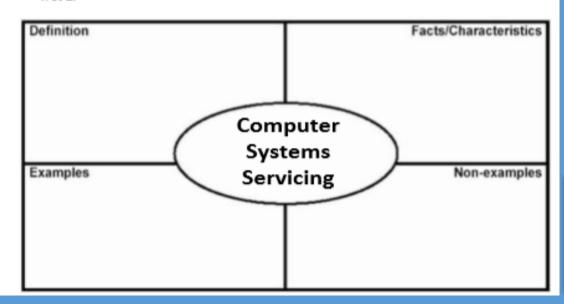
### **OFFLINE ACTIVITY:**

#### Identify the available products and services in the locality needed in developing the business vicinity map.

#### Activity No. 3: Available CSS Products and Services in the Locality

Together with your assigned group mates, use the concept word Computer Systems Servicing as basis in writing your answers for the following:

- a. In the first box, write the definition. Your answer should be clear and can be easily understood.
- b. In the second box, list the characteristics of our concept word after you and your group mates have done brainstorming.
- c. In the third box, list down examples of Computer Systems Servicing which may include products and services of such.
- In the fourth box, write down or enumerate non-examples of the concept word.



#### **SOURCE:**

PEAC TLE-ICT Learning Module – Gr7/8 - Computer Systems Servicing 2019 Edition p.10

### **ONLINE ACTIVITY:**

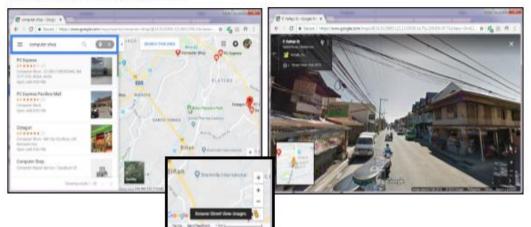
### Identify the available products and services in the locality needed in developing the business vicinity map.

#### Activity No. 15 : Apps Listing

Aside from Google Maps, there are applications and online tools that can help you know more about a certain place if you are to put up a business there, like a computer system servicing shop. Let us go over these apps before we proceed with the activity:

#### Google Street View https://mapstreetview.com

You can either go to URL indicated above or launch this from Google Maps. From Google Maps, simply drag the yellow human icon at the bottom right to the point in the map that you want to see.



Fill up the table in <a href="https://goo.gl/b76YFL">https://goo.gl/b76YFL</a>. The entries for column 1 are taken from Tom Egelhoff's article. You may add as many entries (or rows) as necessary, but make sure that you do not add duplicate entries.

APPS LISTING					
<b>Environmental Considerations</b>	Computer Program/ Application or Website				
1. Are there compatible business nearby?	Google Maps				
2. How close are your competitors?	Google Maps				
3. How do they compare in appearance to your business?	Google Streetview, Facebook				

You may search the web using Google or any search engine to look for additional apps or sites.

#### Source:

PEAC TLE-ICT Learning Module—Gr7/8 - Computer Systems Servicing, 2019 Edition p. 14

## UNIT HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT AND VERTICAL LEARNING PROGRESSION

CLUSTER NO.	POWER	SUPPORTING	SUPPORTING ASSESSMENT		PEAC LM ACTI	INSTITUTIONAL
(NO. OF DAYS)	COMPETENCIES	COMPETENCIES	ASSESSIVIENT	OFFLINE	ONLINE	CORE VALUES
1 (2 days)	TLE_EM7-12-00-2 LO2. Recognize the potential customer/market in computer systems servicing 2.1 Identify four different computer systems services (i.e. maintaining computer systems and networks, diagnosing and troubleshooting computer systems, installing computer systems and networks and configuring computer systems and networks) available in the market.	TLE_EM7-12-00-1 LO1. Recognize and understand the market in computer systems servicing 1.1 Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality. 1.2 Identify the available products and services in the locality needed in developing the business vicinity map.	Environmental Scanning  Survey using Google Maps	PEAC LM p.13-14 Activity Title:    Company Survey    (using Decision    Tree)  Materials:    A-Z Learning    Strategies  PEAC LM p. 10  Activity Title:    Listing of Available    CSS Products and    Services  Material:    Frayer's Model    Activity She	PEAC LM p. 14 Activity Title: Code Breaker:  Weblink: K to 12 Computer Systems Servicing by Lindyl Geral (https://www.slideshare .net/didatz/computer- system-servicing)  PEAC LM pp. 22-23  Activity Title: Apps Listing  Web Listing: https://mapstreetview. com	Creativity / "Innoventiveness"

# SAMPLE DIARY CURRICULUM MAP

SUBJECT : TLE ICT

**GRADE LEVEL: GRADE 7/8** 

TEACHERS : STRAND(S) :

TERM (NO.): MONTH	UNIT TOPIC CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD (CS)	PERFORMANCE STANDARD (PS)	COMPETENCIES/SKILLS	ASSESSMENT	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
1st : June	t: ENVIRONMENT STANDARD: PERFORMANCE AND MARKET STANDARD:  The learners demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of environment and market and how they relate to the field of computer systems computer systems servicing, locality/town	A1. Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.	A1.1 Directory Search  A1.2 Environment al Scanning	A1.1 Company Survey (using Decision Tree) A1.2. Code Breaker	A1.1. A-Z Learning Strategies  A1.2. K to 12 Computer Systems Servicing by Lindyl Geral (https://www.slid eshare.net/didatz /computer- system-servicing)	Creativity "Innoventiveness"		
		particularly in one's town/ municipality		A2. Identify four different computer systems servicing (i.e. maintaining computer systems and networks, diagnosing and troubleshooting computer systems, installing computer systems and networks and configuring computer systems and networks) available in the market.	A2. Survey using Google Maps	A2.1 Listing of Available CSS Products and Services  A2.2. App Listing	A2.1 Frayer's Model Activity Sheet  A2.2 https://mapstreetview.com	

# SAMPLE DIARY CURRICULUM MAP

**GRADE LEVEL: GRADE 7/8** 

TEACHERS : STRAND(S) :

TERM (NO.): MONTH	CONTENT	CONTENT TANDALD (CS)	PERFORMANC STANDARD ( 5)	COMPETENCIES/KILLS	ASSES MEN	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCE	INSTITUTIONAL CORE VALUES
1st : June		A1. Identify a company in the same industry which offers a similar product or service in the locality.	A1.1 Directory Search  A1.2 Environment al Scanning	A1.1 Company Survey (using Decision Tree) A1.2. Code Breaker	A1.1. A-Z Learning Strategies  A1.2. K to 12 Computer Systems Servicing by Lindyl Geral (https://www.slid eshare.net/didatz /computer- system-servicing)	Creativity "Innoventiveness"		
		particularly in one's town/ municipality		A2. Identify four different computer systems servicing (i.e. maintaining computer systems and networks, diagnosing and troubleshooting computer systems, installing computer systems and networks and configuring computer systems and networks) available in the market. RAPATAN2020	A2. Survey using Google Maps	A2.1 Listing of Available CSS Products and Services  A2.2. App Listing	A2.1 Frayer's Model Activity Sheet  A2.2 https://mapstreetview.com	

### PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

Standards of Compliance	_							
1. A curriculum map in each subject area that:								
- is aligned with the philosophy, vision, mission, goals and objectives*	4	3	2	1	0			
- is aligned with the Kto12 curriculum guides, standards and competencies*	4	3	2	1	0			
- shows unpacked Kto12 standards and competencies in different ways in all subjects*	4	3	2	1	0			
- shows horizontal alignment between standards, competencies, assessment, instruction and resources in all the learning units*	4	3	2	1	0			
- articulates vertical learning progressions across the different grade levels*	4	3	2	1	0			
2. The implementation and continuous improvement of the curriculum maps by:								
- checking that the standards and competencies, activities and assessments and resources and integration of the PVMGO in the curriculum maps are reflected in the unit learning plans	4	3	2	1	0			

- conducting a periodic review, revision and updating of the curriculum maps

3

4

0

## SAMPLE QUARTERLY CALENDAR OF COMPETENCY CLUSTERS

SUBJECT: GRADE: SECTION: TEACHER: UNIT TOPIC:

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1	2 ACQUISITION CLUSTER 1	3 ACQUISITION CLUSTER 1 OFFLINE - TEXTBOOK	4 ACQUISITION CLUSTER 1 OFFLINE - TEXTBOOK	5 ACQUISITION CLUSTER 1 OFFLINE – TEXTBOOK	6 ACQUISITION CLUSTER 1 ONLINE – YOUTUBE VIDEO	7 ACQUISITION REVIEW
8	9 ACQUISITION TEST	10 MAKING MEANING CLUSTER 2	11 MAKING MEANING CLUSTER 2	12 MAKING MEANING CLUSTER 2	13 MAKING MEANING CLUSTER 2	14 MAKING MEANING REVIEW
15	16 MAKING MEANING CLUSTER 2	17 MAKING MEANING TEST	18 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	19 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	20 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	21 PT ASSIGNMENT
22	23 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	24 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	25 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	26 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	27 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	28 PT ASSIGNMENT
29	30 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	31 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	1 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 3	2 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 4	3 SCAFFOLD FOR PT CLUSTER 4	4 PT ASSIGNMENT

RAPATAN2020



### **DEPED SUBJECT CG**



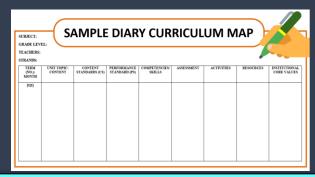
Republic of the Philippines Department of Education DepEd Complex, Meralco Avenue Pasig City



K to 12 Curriculum Guide
ICT – COMPUTER SYSTEM SERVICING
(Grade 7/8)

December 2013



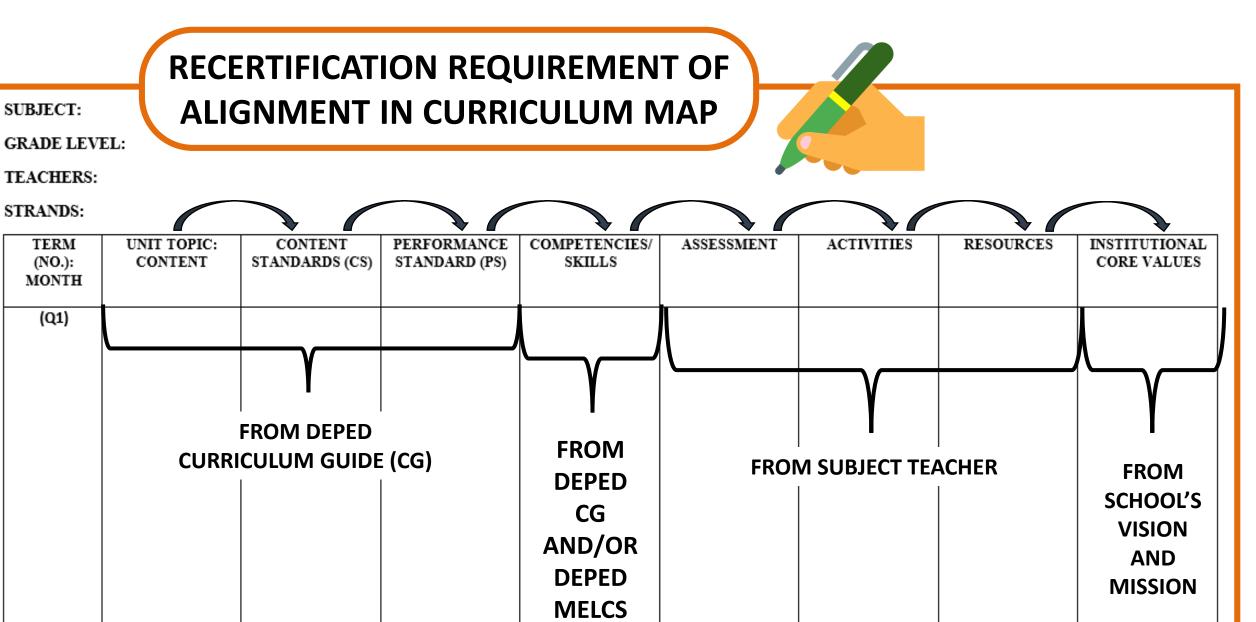


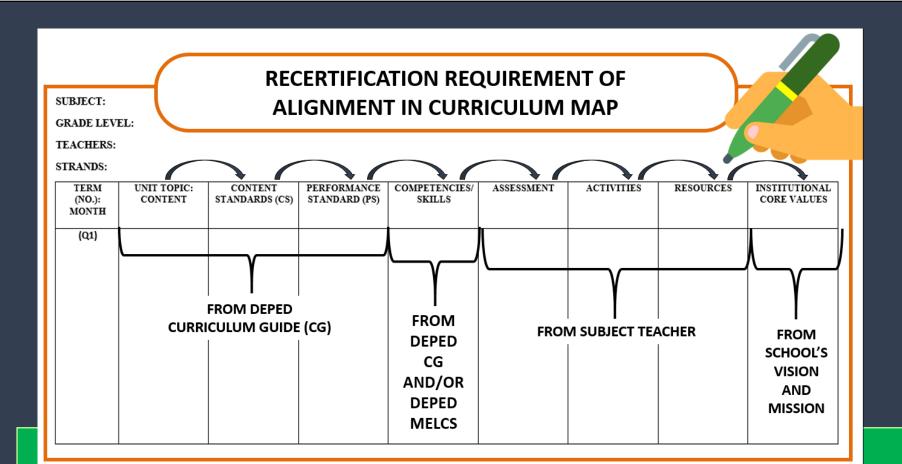
### **DEPED MELCS MATRIX**



**SCHOOL CURRICULUM SY 2020-2021** 

PEAC CERTIFICATION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT





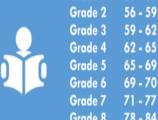
GOAL:
TEACH
ENDURING
SKILLS FOR
WORK
AND LIFE
IN THE 21st
CENTURY

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# **ENSURE ENDURANCE OR TRANSFER** OF LEARNING BY DOING ANY OF THE FF. WITH MELCS:

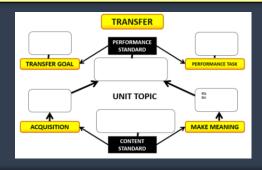
- **Unpack into sub-competencies/tasks**
- Repeat in another unit or grade level
- Follow-up in higher grade levels
- **Cluster with other competencies**
- Merge with other competencies and rephrase
- Focus on skill rather than on content
- Align with unit performance standard

# STREAMLINING FOR ENDURANCE / TRANSFER BY:

TECHNIQUE A. ALIGNING CONTENT
STANDARD AND COMPETENCIES WITH
PERFORMANCE STANDARD



TECHNIQUE B. IDENTIFYING POWER AND SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES AND CLUSTERING THESE



#### **STEPS:**

- Copy the Content and Performance Standards and write Unit Topic.
- 2. Unpack the Transfer Goal and Performance Task from Performance Standard. Then write in diagram.
- 3. Review DepEd CG/School Curriculum Map and take out competencies that are not directly aligned with Performance Standard. These competencies may already have been taught or may be taught in another grade or unit.
- 4. Classify the remaining unit competencies in terms of AMT Learning Goals. A & M with Content and T with Performance Standard. Unpack when needed.
- 5. Unpack the EQ and EU and with M cluster of competencies, establish link with Content Standard and Performance Task.
- 6. Cluster the A competencies and establish link with Content Standard and Performance Task.
- 7. Determine assessments for A (QA type) and M (WW type).



How can identification and clustering of power and supporting competencies be done for streamlining the curriculum?

#### Do the following steps:

- 1. Identify power and supporting competencies using REAL from core set of competencies.
- 2. Make clusters of power and supporting competencies.
- 3. Sequence clusters with the last related to the Performance Task.
- 4. Set the budget of time for teaching the clusters.



Never give up. Today is hard. Tomorrow will be worse but the day after tomorrow will be sunshine. - Jack Ma

